2021-2023 Action Plan of Georgia's 2030 Climate Strategy

Action Plan is prepared in accordance with the Government of Georgia Ordinance No 629, 20 December 2019, on the "Approval of Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation of Policy Documents." Historical and Baseline indicators of the impact values are taken from 1990-2015 Georgia's National GHG Inventory. "Reference Scenario Projection" is calculated in different models, and the results are aggregated in the LEAP model. It refers to the indicator's expected index in case the intervention is not implemented, and it is compared with the desired "Final Target Value" of the indicator. The "Baseline" of output indicator of the objective refers to the latest existing and available data, and it is compared to intermediate and final target indexes of the output indicator of the objective. For more information on assumptions and methodologies, see Appendix IV of Georgia's 2030 Climate Change Strategy. Although many activities in the Climate Action Plan are carried out by the private sector, they are implemented with the high involvement of the public servants. In the budget part, only the approximate amount of direct, additional costs is included. Consequently, the budget does not indicate indirect costs, including time allocated by the public servants. Due to the specifications of climate change mitigation measures, in some cases, private sector investments are indicated, although these amounts are not included in the total budget of the Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan.

	Vision		Reduce the do	omestic GHG e	missions to 3	5% below 1990	levels in 2	030 (as per	2021 Updat	ted NDC)						
	Goal 1		Reduce the G	HG emissions t	to 15% in the	e energy genera	tion and tra	nsmission	sector comp	pared to re	ference scen	nario pro	ojection			
	Link to SDGs		SDGs 1, 2, 3, 7, 9,	11												
Impact indicator 1.1:	Amount of GHG emissions transmission sector (ktCO2	s from energy generation and e)		Historical	Baseline	Medium-term target	Mediu m-term target	Reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of						
			Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030	2030 Natio	nal GHG Invent	tory				
			Value	19,855	3,654	4,425	5,212	6,691	5,687 (-15%)							
Impact indicator 1.2:	Proportion of the population	on that predominantly uses								Sources of	verification					
•	clean energy sources and to		Year	2018	2022	2026	2028	2	030	Multiple In	dicator Cluster	Survey (M	ICS) of Geo	orgia		
			Value	92,1%	93%	96%	97%	9	18%							
	Objective 1.1		Renewable ener	gy (wind, solar, h	ydro, biomass)	generation suppo	ort									
Outcome indicator of the objective 1.1.1:	Share of renewable energy generation	in Georgia's electricity		Baseline	Medium- term target	-term targe	um-term t	Medium- term	Final target		Sources of ver	rification				
			Year	2018	2022	2024 2026	<u> </u>	target 2028	2030		Ten-year nety	vork devel	onment nla	n of Georgia		
			Value	78%	72%	76% 82%		85%	87%		Ten year neev	WOIR GEVER	оринене ры	ii oi deoigia		
Risk	Delay/cancellation of wor	ks by construction companies/i	nvestors due to pop	ılation protests; De	lays in conductin	ng research required	for projects du	e to the pande	emic (including	mobilization	of a group of for	reign expe	rts)			
activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible in	nstitution Partr	ner institution		Period of implementa	Budget	F	inancing s	ource			
		and SDGs							tion		S		Other			Deficit
												Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
1.1.1 Technical and procedural support for wind power (WP) generation	Until 2024 includes the following WP plants: Imereti -104 MW Rikoti-Phona - 20 MW Tbilisi - 54 MW Dirbula - 21 8336 Ruisi - 12.6 MW	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC of the Association Agreement; SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being); SDG 7	Until 2024, 9 Wind Power Plants (WPP) are constructed.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development (MESD)	Ministry of Ec Sustainable De	evelopment Deve	Georgian Ener lopment Fund panies running s that will imp n	the power	2023 Q4	2,178,000,0	000.0 GEL			2,178,000,000.0 GEL (Investment)	Imereti WPP - ltd "Usasrulo Energia"; Rikoti-Phona WPP – ltd "Taba";	

¹ Environmental decision on Nigoza WPP isn't made so far (Status: 24.02.2021)

1.1.2. Technical and procedural support for solar power (SP) generation	Until 2024 includes the following SP plants: Udabno -5 MW Unspeified solar plant-1 MW Plavi - 7 MW Gardabani - 50 MW (EBRD) Marneuli - 20 MW Geosolar - 9 MW Sagarejo - 25 MW	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being); SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities)	Until 2024, 7 Solar Power Plants (SPP) are constructed.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Energy Balance of Georgia	Ministry of Economy Sustainable Developm		the SP ill	2023 Q4	209,880,000.0 G	EL	209,880,000.0 GEL (Investment)	Nigoza WPP - JSC "Chalik Georgia Wind"; Ruisi WPP - Itd "Ruisi Wind Power Plant"; Dirbula WPP - Itd "Sinte". Udabno SPP Itd "Georgia solar company"; Gardabani SPP- EBRD; Marneuli SPP - Itd "New Generation"; Sagarejo SPP - JSC "Georgian Energy Development
1.1.3. Technical and procedural support for hydro power (HP) generation	Until 2024 includes the following HP plants (more than 13 MW capacity): Kirnati - 51.25 MW Khobi - 46.7 MW Mtkvari - 53 MW Mestiachala 1 - 20 MW Stori 1 - 20.03 MW Samkuritskali 2 -26.28 MW Metekhi 1 - 36.73 MW Chiora - 14.15 MW Zoti - 44.31 MW	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being); SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities)	Until 2024. 10 Hydro Power Plants (HPP) are constructed.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Energy Balance of Georgia	Ministry of Economy Sustainable Developm	Companies running plants that will impaction	the power	2023 Q4	1,980,000,000.0	GEL	1,980,000,000.0 GEL (Investment)	Fund." Kirnati HPP — Its "Adjara Energy 2007"; Khobi HPP — Itd "Kartli Investment Group Energy"; Mtkvari HPP — Itd "Mtkvari HPP"; Mestiachala 1 HPP — JSC "Svaneti Hydro"; Stori 1 HPP — Itd "Gota 21"; Samkuristskal i 2 HPP — Itd "Peri"; Metekhi 1 HPP — Itd "Phazisi Energy and Yenigun"; Chiora HPP — Itd "Chiora HPP"; Zoti HPP Cascade — JSC "Georgian Renewable Energy Company."
Outcome indicator of the objective 1.2.1:		eration efficiency in thermal		Baseline	Medium- Med term target -tern	ium Medium-term	Medium- term	Final target	Sou	irces of verification		
објеснус 1.2.1.	cicerreity plants				target		target					

			Year	2018	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		National St	atistics Offic	e of Georgia	a (Georgian Energy Ba	llance)	
			Value	44%	45%	48%	48%	49%	More than 50	0%						
Risk	Lack of financial resources			1					1							
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible in	stitution	Partner institution		Period of implementa	Budget		Financing	source			
		and SDGs	of the activity	verification					tion			State	Other			Deficit
												Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio n	
1.2.1. implementation of technical work of thermal power plants	There will be works done on every existing thermal power plants for improvement of the average efficiency. In addition, new combined-cycle thermal plants will be equipped with new technologies to improve their energy efficiency. By 2023 Gardabani 3 – combined-cycle gas thermal power plant will be constructed. Objective 1.3.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being); SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities).	By 2024 one combined-cycle gas thermal power plant is constructed.	Annual report of JSC "Georgian Oil and Gas Corporation" Energy Balance of Georgia	Ministry of Ec Sustainable De	evelopment	JSC "Georgian Oil ar Corporation"		2023 Q4	531,200,000	0.0 GEL			332,000,000.0	Oil and Gas Corporatio n	199,200,000.0 GEL
	,		otrongenen ene eu	-												
Outcome indicator of the objective 1.3.1.	Share of renewable energy plants) in Georgian energy			Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target	Medium-term target	Medium- term target	Final target		Sources of	verification				
			Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Ten-year n	etwork deve	lopment pla	ın of Georgia		
Risk	Delay/cancellation of	ts by construction companies/	Value	0.5%	0.6%	7.1%	12.2%	10.6%	18.2%	mobilization	of a group of	foreign or	orte)			
NISK	Delay/cancellation of Work	as by construction companies/	investors due to pop	uiation protests; De	ays iii colluuctin	ig research f	equired for projects du	to the pande	enne (mendang	mounzation	or a group or	Toreign exp	=118)			
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible in	stitution	Partner institution		Period of implementa	Budget		Financing				
		and SDGs							tion			State	Other			Deficit
												Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio n	

1.3.1. Implementation of Ten-year network development plan of Georgia for electricity distribution companies	Reinforcement of national transmission system infrastructure, addressing the existing problems, responding to the future challenges, and implementing the opportunities, including the integration of renewable energy sources into the network.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being); SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities).	Until 2024, approximately 1659 MW electrical substation will be constructed and/or renovated; Approximately 490 km long transmission lines will be constructed and/or renovated; Wind and solar power plants with in total 435 MW installed capacities will be integrated.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Ten-year network development plan of Georgia	Ministry of Ecc Sustainable Dev		JSC "Georgia Electosysten			2023 Q4	771,804,000.0 GEL	109,692, 000.0 GEL	24 14	662,112,000.0 GEL (loan, grant)	EBRD, WB, KFW, EU- NIF	
	Objective 1.4.		Development of	new policy docu	ments and legis	lation in th	ne energy sec	ctor								
Outcome indicator of the objective 1.4.1.	Number of initiated new po secondary legislature elabor discussed and agreed with r	rated in the energy sector,	Year	Baseline 2020	Medium- term target	Medium -term target 2024	Medium- term target	Med targ		Final target 2030	Sources of verification Annual report of the Ma	inistry of Ec	onomy and S	Sustainable Developme	nt	
			Value	7	9	12	20	26		More than 30						
Risk	Lack of human resources, n	on-approval of the documents	in time due to polit	ical or other externa	al factors					30						
A	01 . 1	I I I FILO	0 1		D :11 :		D	••		D : 1 C	n i .	г				
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible ins	stitution	Partner inst	itution		Period of implementa	Budget	Financing				
		and SDGs								tion		State	Other			Deficit
												Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio n	
1.4.1. Development of a long-term comprehensive multisectoral strategy document for Georgia's energy policy	Development of a long-term (2030) comprehensive state energy policy strategic document, which will later become the basis for the development of short, medium, and long-term strategies with a particular emphasis on the utilization of Georgia's renewable energy resources.	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC	The strategic document, discussed and agreed with stakeholders, is elaborated and approved.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Ecc Sustainable Dev	velopment				2023 Q4	198,000.0 GEL			198,000.0 GEL (grant)	EU, Governmen t of Sweden, UNDP	
	Goal 2		Reduce of GH	G emissions to	15% in trans	port secto	or compare	d to re	ference sco	enario proje	ection					
	Link to SDGs		SDGs 3, 8, 11													
Impact indicator 2.1:	Amount of GHG emissions sector(GgCO2e)	from the transport		Historical	Baseline	Medium-t target	m	Mediu n-term arget	Reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of verification					
			Year	1990	2015	2024	2	028	2030	2030	2030 National GHG Inv	ventory				
			Value	3,823	4,139	4,563		,257	7,110	< 6,044 (- 15%)						
	Objective 2.1		Increase the sha	re of low and zero	emissions and	road-wort	hy private ve	ehicles i	n the vehicl	le fleet						

Outcome indicator of the objective 2.1.1:	Share of electric vehicles in vehicles fleet	Georgia's registered		Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target	Medium-term target	Medium- term target	Final target		Sources of v	verification				
			Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Registered v	vehicle fleet	database of	the Ministry of Inter	nal Affairs	
			Value	0.14%	0.5%	1%	2%	3%	5%							
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.1.2:	Share of hybrid cars in Georgiet	rgia's registered vehicles		Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target	Medium-term target	Medium- term target	Final Goal		Sources of v	verification				
			Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Registered v	vehicle fleet	database of	the Ministry of Inter	nal Affairs	
			Value	4.91%	5.5%	6.7%	9.8%	15%	20%		, i					
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.1.3:	Percentage of vehicles failing	ng first technical inspection		Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term	Medium-term target	Medium- term	Final target		Sources of v	verification				
						target		target								
			Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Periodic Te	chnical Insp	ection (PTI	data base		
			Value	55%	54%	50%	45%	40%	30%							
Risk Activity		centive measures for electric vectors are cars/purchase of the new cars/purchase to EU-Georgia	r. Output indicator	Sources of	Responsible ins	, .	Partner institution	ping affordab	Period of	Budget		Financing		the reduced income	of the public, red	nuction of the costs for
		Association Agreement and SDGs	of the activity	verification					implementa tion		_	State	Other			Deficit
												Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio	
															n	
2.1.1. Implementing changes in existing regulation related to the technical inspection of vehicles.	Implementation of legal and administrative measures for reducing the tendency of bypassing the technical inspection.	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing).	At least one legal/secondary legal act for reducing bypassing the technical inspection is approved.	Secondary legal act published on the website of Legislative Herald of Georgia "Matsne"	Ministry of Ecc Sustainable De		Ministry of Internal Periodic Technical I (PTI) centers ltd "Georgian Accre Center"	nspection	2023 Q2	Administrativ	ve costs					

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2.1.2. More efficient	Take legislative and/or	Support implementation	By 2024	Annual report	Ministry of Internal	Ministry of Economy and	2023 Q1	120,000.0 GEL	120,000.	30 08		
execution of fines foreseen	administrative measures	of directive 2009/28/EC;	additional 150	of the Ministry	Affairs	Sustainable Development			0 GEL			
under the Administrative	to reduce the tendency of	SDG 3 (Health and well-	video cameras	of Internal								
Offences Code of Georgia in	bypassing the technical	being).	equipped with a	Affairs								
terms of technical inspection	inspection, as well as		technical									
of the vehicles.	install video cameras on		inspection	Secondary legal								
	the main highways,		undergo	act published								
	urban and rural roads for		function have	on the website								
	the control of the		been purchased	of Legislative								
	vehicles that haven't		and are in	Herald of								
	passed the technical		operation;	Georgia "Matsne"								
	inspection. It is planned		Delesson	Matsne								
	to purchase a total of 150 video cameras, which will		Relevant normative act									
	enable technical		and/or									
	inspection and control of		administrative									
	the vehicles that haven't		measure is									
	passed the technical		adopted that									
	inspection. The activity		imposes fine for									
	serves to increase		the vehicle that									
	referrals for technical		hasn't passed the									
	inspections, remove the		technical									
	least efficient vehicles		inspection at									
	from the roads/ market,		least 4 times a									
	and renew the fleet,		month.									
	which will increase its											
	average efficiency.											
2.1.3. Control of the exhaust	Activity envisages the	Support implementation	By 2024 3 field	Annual report	Ministry of Internal	Ministry of Environmental	2023 Q4	498,000.0 GEL				498,000.0 GEL
fumes from the vehicles on	establishment and	of directive 2009/28/EC;	measuring	of the Ministry	Affairs	Protection and Agriculture						
the roads.	implementation of the	SDG 3 (Health and well-	devices are	of Internal								
	technical mechanism for	being).	purchased and	Affairs		Ministry of Economy and						
	controlling vehicle		used by the	A 1		Sustainable Development						
	exhaust fumes on the		Ministry of	Annual report		I DDI "I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I						
	street in real-time.		Internal Affairs and the Ministry	of the Ministry of		LEPL "Land Transport Agency"						
			of	Environmental								
			Environmental	Protection and		The State Sub-Agency						
			Protection and	Agriculture		Department of Environmental						
			Agriculture in	11g11culture		Supervision						
			the streets of big			Supervision						
			cities, which									
			automatically, in									
			real-time,									
			measures the									
			level of exhaust									
			fumes from									
			vehicles and									
			identifies the									
			disturbing									
211			vehicle.									
2.1.4. For the promotion of	Conduct cost-benefit	Support implementation	A research	The research	Ministry of Finance	Ministry of Economy and	2023 Q3	Administrative costs				
electric vehicles,	analysis to identify how	of directive 2009/28/EC;	report on the	report on cost-		Sustainable Development						
identification of optimal tax	imposing additional tax	SDG 3 (Health and well-	cost-	effectiveness.		LEDI "C · · · · "						
incentive alternatives based	incentives (except for	being).	effectiveness of			LEPL "Service Agency"						
	excise tax) for electric		new tax									
on the cost-benefit analysis.						I .		1			ì	1 1
on the cost-benefit analysis.	vehicles will increase the		incentive									
on the cost-benefit analysis.	entry rate of electric		alternatives for									
on the cost-benefit analysis.	entry rate of electric vehicles in the market to		alternatives for electric vehicles									
on the cost-benefit analysis.	entry rate of electric vehicles in the market to gradually replace the fleet		alternatives for									
on the cost-benefit analysis.	entry rate of electric vehicles in the market to		alternatives for electric vehicles									

2.1.5. Improve infrastructure for electric vehicles in Tbilisi.	Constructing charging spots, parking lines, and other supporting infrastructure for the electric vehicles.	Support implementation of directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing).	By 2024 15 new charging spots for electric vehicles are constructed in the streets; At least 3500 places are added within the system of zonalhour parking of Tbilisi that envisages zero tariffs for electric vehicles.	Annual report of Tbilisi City Hall	Tbilisi City Hal	11	Companies of electric Construction companies Private companies State entities		2023 Q1	Administra	tive costs					
2.1.6. Discussion on the possibility of increase in import duty for old vehicles based on (economic) feasibility study.	Discuss and impose high import progressive tax in case of economic feasibility. (From 2017, a double import tax rate above 10 years and a triple import tax above 14 years in force, which reduces imports of old, inefficient vehicles and the active entry of new models, hybrids, and electric vehicles into the market).	SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing).	The study has been conducted that examines the economic feasibility of imposing progressive import duty on 5-year, 6-10-year, and above 10-year old vehicles' import taxes in point of vehicle's age and engine capacity at a directly proportional growing rate.	The (economic) feasibility study report	Ministry of Fin	ance	Ministry of Environm Protection and Agric LEPL "Service Agenc LEPL "Revenue Servi	ulture y"	2023 Q4	300,000.0 G	GEL					300,000.0 GEL
2.1.7. Emission standards on the import of vehicles based on the cost-effectiveness analysis (EUR4 / EUR5)	Restriction of imported vehicles according to their emissions rates will dramatically improve emissions intensities in new vehicle stocks and gradually replace the existing vehicle fleet with more efficient models.	SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing).	Until 2024 cost- benefit analysis document is published; EUR4 / EUR5 (engine) standards conformable regulations are introduced and established.	Normative act published on the website of Legislative Herald of Georgia "Matsne"	Ministry of Ecc Sustainable De		LEPL "Service Agenc	y"	2022 Q4	1,203,840.0) GEL			213,840.0 GEL (grant)	UNEP	990,000.0 GEL
	Objective 2.2		Encourage the r	educed demand o	n fossil fuels an	nd the use o	of biofuels									
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.2.1:	Share of renewable energy transport in the final energ territory of Georgia		Year Value	Baseline 2018 2%	Medium- term target 2022 3%	Medium -term target 2024 4%	Medium-term target 2026 6%	Medium- term target 2028	Final target 2030 10%			ntistics Offic		(Georgia's Energy B		
Risk	Low interest of private sect	tor; Failure of implementing ir								veloping affor						
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible ins	stitution	Partner institution		Period of implementa tion	Budget		Financing s	Source			Deficit

											Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio n	
2.2.1. Discuss the increase in taxes for fuels	Discuss and prepare the possibility to increase in taxes for fuels for decreasing activity of gasoline and diesel-driven cars, with a proportion of drivers making the shift to using public transport systems as a primary mode.	Support implementation of directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing).	Report on the feasibility of potential increase in taxes for fuels in terms of economic and environmental impact, including tax ad administration perspectives.	Feasibility Study Report	Ministry of Fir	nance	Ministry of Econom Sustainable Develop Ministry of Environ Protection and Agric	ment mental	2023 Q4	300,000.0 GEL					300,000.0 GEL
2.2.2. Support and encouragement of the biodiesel production	From 2019, production and sale of B5, i.e., 5% biodiesel and 95% diesel mixture (blend) and B7, or 7% biodiesel and 93% diesel mixture (blend), are being carried out by the private sector, construction of one large-scale biodiesel (Renewable, alternative, clean energy production) factory is planned by 2023. The activity involves promoting biodiesel production, collecting biodiesel production and sales data, and monitoring trends to reduce carbon dioxide emissions. Also, prepare an information brochure about biodiesel to encourage its utilization.	Support implementation of directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing).	A database about biodiesel production and realization is created; One information brochure is developed and published.	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmenta Protection and Agriculture		Ltd "Biodiesel Georg The Biomass Associa Georgia		2023 Q4	Administrative costs					
	Objective 2.3		Promote non-m	otorized means o	f mobility and	public trans	sport								
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.3.1:	Percentage of share of trave transport (cycling and walk			Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target	Medium-term target	Medium- term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
			Year Value	2016 27,15%	2022 30%	2024 32%	2026 33%	2028 34%	2030 35%	Tbilisi Sustainable Trar	nsport study				
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.3.2:	Percentage of share of trave transport (metro, bus, mini			Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target	Medium-term target	Medium- term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
			Year Value	2016 39%	2022 40%	2024 41%	2026 42%	2028 43%	2030 45%	Tbilisi Sustainable Trar	nsport study				
Risk	Reduced state investments	in public transport and plann	ed infrastructural wo	rks due to the redu	ced state financia	ıl resources c	aused by the pandemi								
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible in	stitution	Partner institution		Period of implementa tion	Budget	Financing State	source			Deficit
											Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio	

2.3.1. Implement the measures included in Tbilisi's Green Transport Policy Plan	Activity envisages: Development of the Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan of Tbilisi (SUMP); Tbilisi bus reform (fleet upgrade, introduction of a new route network); Modernizing the metro and increasing its capacity; Cable car/rope construction; Introduction of a smart transport system; Introduction of zonal-hour parking; Rehabilitation of streets in accordance with the principles of multimodal planning.	SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan (SUMP) is developed; Bus fleet is upgraded; At least 3500 places are added within the system of zonal- hour parking; In accordance with the principles of multimodal planning, at least one street	Monitoring reports of Tbilisi's Green Transport Policy Plan	Tbilisi City Ha	11	ltd "Tbilisi Transport ltd "Tbilisi Minibus" Tbilisi Parking	Company"	2023 Q4	1,762,200,000.0 GEL			1,762,200,000.0 GEL (loan, grant)	EBRD, ADB, KfW, AFD,	
2.3.2. Implement the measures listed in Batumi's Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan (SUMP)	Activity envisages: Improve the efficiency of bus routes; Increase bus capacity and number of passengers; Introduction of zonal-hour parking in central districts; Planning and implementation of reduced vehicle activity; Purchase the buses operated on modern standard diesel (euro 5) and fully electric buses, renewal/replenishment of the municipal transport company fleet with new adapted buses, which will contribute to environmental protection and the proper functioning of the municipal transport	SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	is rehabilitated. Until 2024 more than 20% of measures included in the plan are implemented; Until 2024 8 new electric buses are operating; Until 2024 zonal-hour parking is established at least on 6 locations.	Monitoring report of Batumi's Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan (SUMP)	Batumi City H	all	Ltd "Batumi Autotra	nsport"	2023 Q4	8,800,000.0 GEL			8,800,000.0 GEL (loan, grant)	EBRD E5P	
	system.		Implementing		hand initiative	in the two	manaut saatay								
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.4.1.	Objective 2.4. Number of additional GHG initiatives based on the evid	emissions reduction lence in the transport sector		Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target	Medium-term target	Medium- term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
			Year Value	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Progress report of the C	llimate Strate	egy and Actio	on Plan		
Risk	Failure to conduct cost-ben	efit analysis of the proposal fo		_ ×	port sector due to	_	b	sources	1 3						
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible in:	stitution	Partner institution		Period of implementa tion	Budget	Financing				
											State	Other			Deficit
											Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio n	

2.4.1. Develop international climate finance proposals for the improved public, intercity, and non-motorised transport means.	Activity envisages seeking financial resources for the implementation of specific new policies and measures for the next iteration of the Climate Action Plan.	SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	In the total project proposal was developed at least for 1 measure; The project proposal was presented to 3 potential financiers.	Project proposal document	Ministry of Environmenta Protection and Agriculture (Environment Climate Chang Department)	Mini Susta	istry of Finance istry of Econom ainable Develop	y and	2022 Q3	178,200.0 GEL				178,200.0 GEL
2.4.2. Develop cost-benefit analysis and feasibility study to identify best options for shifting road freight to rail.	Activity envisages conducting the costbenefits analysis that can facilitate the identification of the most attractive measures to pursue in the next iteration of the Climate Action Plan.	SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing)	At least of technical analysis document is developed.	Cost-benefit analysis document	Ministry of Environmenta Protection and Agriculture (Environment Climate Chang Department)	Min Susta	"Georgian Rail istry of Econom ainable Develop	y and	2023 Q4	257,400.0 GEL				257,400.0 GEL
	Goal 3		Support the lo	ow carbon deve	lopment of t	he building sec	ctor through	encouragi	ing climate-	goals oriented en	ergy-efficie	nt technologies	and services	
	Links to SDGs		SDGs 7, 9, 11											
Impact indicator 3.1:	Amount of GHG emissions (ktCO2e)	from building sector		Historical	Baseline	Medium-term target	Mediu m- term target	Reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of verificati	on			
			Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030	2030 National GHG	inventory			
			Value	N/A	1,954	3,635	4,277	4,625	Less than 4,625					
	Objective 3.1		Develop a system	for energy efficienc	v certification of	buildings								
Outcome indicator of the objective 3.1.1:	Percentage of newly constr law to certification that are efficiency			Baseline	Medium- term target		ium-term et	Medium- term target	Final target		Sources of verif	ication		
			Year	2020	2022	2024 2026		2028	2030		Annual progress	s reports and evaluat	ion report for the Clima	te Action Plan
			Value	0	0%	100% 100%	%	100%	100%					
Risk	Reschedule enacting the leg	gal act requiring mandatory ce	rtification or delay i	n deadlines set by t	he act									
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible in	stitution Part	ner institution		Period of implementa tion	Budget	Financing State	g source Other		

3.1.1. Elaborate the methodology for certification of buildings	Elaborating the methodology for certification of buildings that will enable the state to create exemplary thermal insulation projects of the exterior enclosures of buildings for different climate conditions per region and in accordance with energy efficiency standards and make the results available for the wider public.	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; Directive 2010/31/EU. SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 12 (Responsible consumption and production).	Methodology supporting the energy efficiency of buildings is created and agreed with NGOs operating in the environmental and energy sector as well as constructing companies and is in full accordance with EU Directive 2010/31/EU.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development. Document of methodology supporting the energy efficiency of the buildings.	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Relevant municipaliteis	2023 Q2	88,715,880.0 GEL	1,136,52 0.0 GEL	25 03 06	87,579,360.0 GEL (loan, grant)	EBRD, DANIDA, KfW, EU	
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3.1.2. Elaborate, approve,	Elaborating and	Support implementation	Following	Secondary legal	Ministry of Economy and	Relevant municipalities	2023 Q4	33,264,000.0 GEL	33,264,000.0 GEL	EU,	
and implement secondary	approving relevant	of Directive 2009/28/EC-	secondary legal	acts published	Sustainable Development				, , ,,,,,,,,,	KfW	
legislation on the energy	secondary legislation.	EPBD;	acts that are	on the website					(grant)		
efficiency of buildings.	, 3	Directive 2012/27/EU	discussed with	of Legislative					3 /		
, 8		EED;	NGOs as well as	Herald of							
		Directive 2010/31/EU.	constructing	Georgia							
		SDG 11 (Sustainable cities	companies are	"Matsne"							
		and communities);	created, agreed								
		SDG 12 (Responsible	and adopted in								
		consumption and	accordance with								
		production).	the timeframe								
		,	specified in the								
			law of Georgia								
			on the energy								
			performance of								
			buildings,								
			By 20 June 2021								
			National								
			methodology for								
			calculating the								
			energy								
			performance of								
			buildings;								
			Minimum								
			energy								
			performance								
			requirements for								
			buildings, parts								
			of buildings, or								
			building								
			elements;								
			Comparative								
			methodology of								
			calculating the								
			cost-optimal								
			level of minimum								
			energy performance								
			requirements;								
			Rule of creation								
			and use of one								
			or several								
			programs for								
			calculation of								
			energy								
			performance;								
			Rules of the								
			total energy								
			performance of								
			a new								
			building/existing								
			building, the								
			procedures for								
			correct selection								
			and installation,								
			and the								
			regulation and								
			management of								
			a building the								
			engineering and								
			technical								
			support systems.								

	<u>By 1 January</u>			
	<u>2022</u>			
	- The procedure			
	for certifying			
	the energy			
	performance of			
	buildings;			
	- Procedures for			
	the regular			
	inspection of			
	inspection of			
	heating and air			
	conditioning			
	systems in			
	buildings;			
	- The			
	procedures for			
	the accreditation			
	and certification			
	of an			
	independent			
	expert issuing			
	energy			
	performance			
	certificates of			
	buildings and			
	inspecting			
	heating and air			
	conditioning			
	systems in			
	buildings;			
	- "The			
	procedures for			
	the examination			
	and verification			
	of the energy			
	performance			
	certificates of			
	certificates of			
	buildings and			
	the inspection			
	reports of			
	heating and air conditioning			
	conditioning			
	systems. "			
	By 30 June 2023:			
	- National plan			
	to increase the			
	number of			
	nearly zero-			
	energy buildings			
	<u>By 1 January</u> <u>2022:</u>			
	<u>2022:</u>			
	- Energy			
	Performance			
	Certificates of			
	Buildings,			
	Inspection			
	Reports, and the			
	procedure for			
	the maintenance			
	of the Databases			
L		 L	 L	

			of Independent Experts.													
	Objective 3.2		Raising consumer	awareness about en	ergy efficiency											
Outcome indicator of the objective 3.2.1:	Percentage of the costumer efficiency of building and h important factor in consum	nousehold appliances as an		Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target	Medium-term target	Medium- term target	Final target		Sources of	verification				
	1	3	Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Household	expenditure	survey of the	he National Statistic	s Office	
			Value	N/A	40% of target contingent	55% of target continge nt	60% of target contingent	70% of target contingen t	80% of target	contingent			·			
Risk	Failure of implementation/	delay of information campaig	ns due to the lack of	financial resources a	and pandemic con	nstraints										
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible ins	titution	Partner institution		Period of implementa	Budget		Financing s	source			
		and SDGs							tion			State	Other			Deficit
												Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio n	

	1		1	T				T		1	1	T
3.2.1. Development of	Providing more	Support implementation	Supporting	Annual report	Ministry of Economy and	Relevant municipalities	2023 Q4	411,840.0 GEL	411,840.	2401		
standards, norms, and	information to customers	of Directive 2009/28/EC-	schemes for	of the Ministry	Sustainable Development				0 GEL			
labelling schemes for	when buying or replacing	EPBD; Directive	appliances that	of Economy		Relevant private sector						
appliances.	home appliances with	2012/27/EU EED;	take into	and Sustainable								
	increasing the market	Directive 2010/30/EU;	account the	Development.								
	share of energy-efficient	SDG 3 (Good health and	approaches of									
	appliances. The measure	well-being);	NGOs and									
	will be implemented	SDG 7 (Affordable and	private									
	gradually. At the first		companies and									
	stage, only certain part of	clean energy);	are in									
	energy-based appliances	SDG 11 (Sustainable cities	accordance with									
	will be labeled. At	and communities).	EU Directive									
	subsequent stages, the list		2010/30/EU are									
	of labeled products will		developed;									
	significantly increase. To		_									
	this end, European (CEN)		D 2024 1 1									
	and international		By 2024, based									
	standards for testing the		on the scheme									
	energy efficiency of		created for the									
	house appliances should		energy									
	be translated and		efficiency of appliances, the									
	adopted. The adoption of		market share of									
	the energy labeling		labelled									
	regulations package		products									
	should be accompanied		amounts to 100									
	by information campaign		% of total									
	on energy labeling.		products.									
			products.									
			By 30									
			September, the									
			following									
			technical									
			regulations shall									
			be adopted:									
			a) Rules for									
			energy									
			labelling									
			household									
			dishwasher									
			s;									
			b) Rules for									
			energy									
			labelling									
			household									
			refrigerator									
			s and									
			freezers;									
			c) Rules for									
			energy									
			labelling									
			household									
			clothes									
			washers;									
			d) Rules for									
			energy									
			labelling									
			televisions;									
			e) Rules for									
			energy labelling of									
			labelling of	1				1			1	1

	ventilation			
	appliances;			
	f) Rules for			
	energy			
	labelling			
	household			
	air			
	conditione			
	rs;			
	g) Rules for			
	energy			
	labelling			
	for cold			
	storage			
	rooms;			
	h) Rules for			
	energy			
	labelling			
	household			
	heating			
	appliances;			
	i) Rules for			
	energy			
	labelling			
	solid fuel			
	boilers and			
	necessary			
	appliances			
	for solid			
	boilers;			
	j) Rules for			
	energy			
	labelling			
	kitchen			
	stoves and			
	stove			
	ventilation;			
	k) Rules for			
	energy			
	labelling			
	vacuum			
	cleaners;			
	l) Rules for			
	energy			
	labelling			
	water			
	heaters,			
	hot water			
	tanks, and			
	solar panel			
	complete			
	sets;			
	m) Rules for			
	energy			
	labelling			
	heaters,			
	heater			
	complete			
	sets,			
	combined			
	complete			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	·	•	•

			sets for								
			temperatur e control,								
			solar								
			panels and heaters,								
			temperatur								
			e control								
			and solar panels;								
			n) Rules for								
			energy								
			labelling bulbs and								
			lamps;								
			o) Rules for								
			energy labelling;								
			p) Rules for								
			energy								
			labelling household								
			dryers;								
			q) Rules for								
			energy								
			labelling combined								
			clothes								
	7.0		dryers.		26.1		2002.04	200 254 2 257	200 276	2.421	
3.2.2. Implementation of energy efficiency awareness-	Informing the public about financially effective	Support implementation of the directive	According to the public opinion	Annual report of the Ministry	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development		2022 Q4	299,376.0 GEL	299,376. 0 GEL	2401	
raising programmes for the	and easily achievable	2009/28/EC-EPBD;	research before	of Economy	_						
public.	changes in the energy consumption process	Directive 2012/27/EU EED;	and after implementation	and Sustainable Development.							
	and/or dissemination of	SDG 1 (No poverty);	of the campaign,	Development.							
	information about energy-efficient	SDG 4 (Quality education);	awareness of the target auditory								
	measures, which will	SDG 5 (Gender equality);	is improved at								
	encourage them to select	SDG 7 (Affordable and	least by 50%.								
	energy-effective home appliances.	clean energy); SDG 8 (Decent work and									
		economic growth);									
		SDG 10 (Reduced inequalities).									
3.2.3. Implementation of									1		ļ
	Implementation of	Support implementation	According to the	Annual report	Ministry of Economy and	Relevant municipalities	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			
information campaign about	information and	Support implementation of the directive	public opinion	of the Ministry	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	_	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			
	information and awareness campaigns	Support implementation			Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Relevant municipalities Relevant private sector	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			
information campaign about	information and awareness campaigns targeting 100% replacement of	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED;	public opinion research before and after implementation	of the Ministry of Economy	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	_	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			
information campaign about	information and awareness campaigns targeting 100% replacement of incandescent light bulbs	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 7 (Affordable and	public opinion research before and after implementation of the campaign,	of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	_	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			
information campaign about	information and awareness campaigns targeting 100% replacement of incandescent light bulbs with energy-efficient bulbs in commercial	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 9 (Industry,	public opinion research before and after implementation of the campaign, awareness of the target auditory	of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	_	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			
information campaign about	information and awareness campaigns targeting 100% replacement of incandescent light bulbs with energy-efficient	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and	public opinion research before and after implementation of the campaign, awareness of the target auditory on energy-	of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	_	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			
information campaign about	information and awareness campaigns targeting 100% replacement of incandescent light bulbs with energy-efficient bulbs in commercial	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 9 (Industry,	public opinion research before and after implementation of the campaign, awareness of the target auditory	of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	_	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			
information campaign about	information and awareness campaigns targeting 100% replacement of incandescent light bulbs with energy-efficient bulbs in commercial	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities);	public opinion research before and after implementation of the campaign, awareness of the target auditory on energy- efficient bulbs is	of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	_	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			
information campaign about	information and awareness campaigns targeting 100% replacement of incandescent light bulbs with energy-efficient bulbs in commercial	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities	public opinion research before and after implementation of the campaign, awareness of the target auditory on energy- efficient bulbs is improved at	of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	_	2023 Q3	Administrative costs			

3.2.4. implementation of information campaigns for solar water heater systems in buildings.	Implementation of information campaigns for solar water heater systems and energy efficiency in buildings will raise users' awareness.	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; Directive 2010/30/EU; SDG 3 (Good health and well-being); SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); (Responsible consumption and production).	According to the public opinion research before and after implementation of the campaign, awareness of the target auditory on solar water heater systems is improved at least by 50%.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Ec Sustainable De	evelopment	Ministry of Environ Protection and Agri Georgia	culture of	2023 Q4	Administrative cost:					
Outcome indicator of the objective 3.3.1:	owned by the central and r	ore than 500 m ² occupied and municipal governments, with wed annually in accordance standards	Year	Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target 2024	Medium-term target	Medium- term target 2028	Final target		Sources of ver		istry of Economy a	nd Sustainable Devel	opment
Outcome indicator of the objective 3.3.2:	Percentage of the public bu efficient light bulbs		Value	0 Baseline	10% Medium- term target	30% Medium -term target 2024	50% Medium-term target	70% Mediumterm target 2028	More than 9 Final target 2030	0%	Sources of ver	ification		nd Sustainable Devel	
21.1			Year Value	N/A	20%	30%	40%	60%	More than 70		Annuai report	or the Min	istry of Economy a	nd Sustainable Devel	opment
Risk Activity	Short description	of the projects dependant on d Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible in	nstitution	Partner institution		Period of implementa tion	Budget	Financir State Amount	Other Code	Amount	Organizatio	Deficit
3.3.1. Introducing tax regulations on incandescent bulbs.	Introducing tax regulations on incandescent bulbs with the target of 100% increase the share of new energy-efficient bulbs in procured light bulbs for residential and commercial buildings by 2023.	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 12 (Responsible consumption and production).	The tax burden on incandescent bulbs is increased by 100%; By 2023 share of energy-efficient bulbs in new light bulbs procured for residential and commercial buildings is increased by 100%.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Ec Sustainable De		Ltd "Revenue Servic Relevant municipali Relevant private sec	ties	2023 Q4	Administrative costs	5			n	

2221 . 11 .:	m:	0	D 2022 1 2	A 1 .	M:	-	Maria CD : 3		2022 04	(01 700 0 CET	(01.700	25.02.04			
3.3.2. Installation of energy-	This activity envisages	Support implementation	By 2023 share of	Annual report	Ministry of Eco Sustainable Dev		Ministry of Regional		2022 Q4	621,720.0 GEL	621,720.	25 03 06			
efficient lighting in	the 100% increase of the	of Directive 2009/28/EC-	energy-efficient	of the Ministry	Sustainable Dev	relopment	Development and In	frastructure			0 GEL				
buildings owned/used by	share of energy-efficient	EPBD; Directive	bulbs in new	of Economy			D -1 :-: :-: :-:								
public institutions.	bulbs in procured new	2012/27/EU EED;	light bulbs	and Sustainable			Relevant municipali	ties							
	light bulbs for all public	Directive 2010/30/EU;	procured for all	Development.											
	buildings.	SDG 3 (Good health and	public buildings												
		well-being);	is increased by												
		SDG 7 (Affordable and	100%.												
		clean energy);													
		SDG 11 (Sustainable cities													
		and communities);													
		(Responsible consumption													
		and production);													
		SDG 12 (Responsible													
		consumption and													
3.3.3. Establish energy	Compile information on	production).	Information	Annual report	Ministry of Eco		Ltd "Municipal Deve	lammant	2023 Q4	178,200.0 GEL					178,200.0 GEL
efficiency information	buildings characteristics	Support implementation of the directive		of the Ministry	Sustainable Dev		Fund"	поршени	2023 Q4	176,200.0 GEL					176,200.0 GEL
systems for public buildings.	and energy consumption	2009/28/EC-EPBD;	system	of Economy	Sustamable Dev	eiopinent	runa								
systems for public buildings.	for national and	Directive 2012/27/EU	containing information	and Sustainable											
	municipal public sector	EED;	about 50% of	Development.											
	buildings, excluding	SDG 7 (Affordable and	public buildings	Development.											
	kindergartens and	clean energy);	is created.												
	schools.	SDG 11 (Sustainable cities	is created.												
	Serious.	and communities);													
		SDG 12 (Responsible													
		consumption and													
		production).													
3.3.4. Improvement of	Improvement of exterior	Support implementation	Annually 10%	Annual report	Ministry of Eco	nomy and	Ltd "Municipal Deve	lopment	2023 Q4	9,808,920.0 GEL	154,440.	25 03 06	9,654,480.0 GEL	E5P,	
exterior enclosure of school	enclosure of school	of the directive	of schools	of the Ministry	Sustainable Dev	elopment	Fund"				0 GEL			NEFCO	
buildings, installation of	buildings, installation of	2009/28/EC-EPBD;	implement at	of Economy									(grant, loan)		
energy-efficient bulbs,	energy-efficient bulbs,	Directive 2012/27/EU	least one out of	and Sustainable											
retrofit/replacement of solid	retrofit/replacement of	EED;	three initiatives	Development.											
fuel heaters.	solid fuel heaters.	SDG 3 (Health and well-	of energy												
		being);	efficiency –												
		SDG 7 (Affordable and	improvement of												
		clean energy);	exterior												
		SDG 11 (Sustainable cities	enclosure,												
		and communities);	installation of												
		SDG 12 (Responsible	energy-efficient												
		consumption and	bulbs,												
		production).	retrofit/replace												
			ment of solid fuel heaters.												
	Objective 3.4			olar anarmy for my	tor booting and	luga of one	ergy-efficient stoves								
Outcome in disease of the			Support use of s	Baseline	Medium-	Medium			Final toward		Sources of ver	ification.			
Outcome indicator of the objective 3.4.1:	The percentage of the solar systems purchased by indiv			Daseille	term target	-term	Medium-term target	Medium- term	Final target		Sources of ver	incation			
objective 5.4.1.	individual residential and o				term target	target	target	target							
	the implementation of ince		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Household sur	vev of the N	National Statistics Offi	re	
			Value	N/A	10%	20%	30%	50%	60%			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Tational Stationes Citi		
			, arac	1471	10,70	2070	3070	3070	0070		National Ener	gy Balance			
Risk	Delay in implementation of	of incentive measures													
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia	Output indicator	Sources of	Responsible ins	titution	Partner institution		Period of	Budget	Financing	source			
		Association Agreement	of the activity	verification					implementa						
		and SDGs)							tion		State	Other			Deficit
											Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio	
														n	

3.4.1. Elaboration of	Elaboration of financial	Support implementation	A financial	Annual report	Ministry of Econon		Ministry of Finance		2023 Q3	178,200.0 GEL					178,200.0 GEL
financial incentives	incentives mechanism for	of the directive	incentive	of the Ministry	Sustainable Develo	pment									
mechanism for installation	using solar for heating the	2009/28/EC-EPBD;	mechanism is	of Economy			Ministry of Environ								
of solar water heater systems	water that will reduce	Directive 2012/27/EU	introduced.	and Sustainable			Protection and Agric	ulture							
in buildings.	pressure on forests and	EED;		Development.											
	represents an energy-	SDG 3 (Health and well-													
	efficient alternative.	being); SDG 7 (Affordable and													
		clean energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities													
		and communities);													
		SDG 12 (Responsible													
		consumption and													
2.42.7	11 11 2007 1 1 6	production).	77 1	D	3.51		T.14T	T. C	2022 04	22 ((2 222 A CET			22.662.222.2.67	COR	
3.4.2. Encourage using of	Until 2027 mechanism of financial	Support implementation of directives 2009/28/EC-	Voucher	Report on the	Ministry of Environmental		Ltd "Environmental and Education Center		2023 Q4	33,660,000.0 GEL			33,660,000.0 GEL	GCF, Governmen	
energy-efficient firewood stoves.	stimulus/incentives will	EPBD and 2012/27/EU	programme for energy-efficient	implementation of the	Protection and		and Education Cente	r					(grant)	t of	
stoves.	be elaborated and	EED;	stoves is	project "Suppor	Agriculture		ltd "National Forestr	y Agoney"					(grant)	Germany,	
	introduced by the state	SDG 3 (Health and well-	elaborated;	ting	Agriculture		itu ivationai roresti	y Agency						Governmen	
	and financial institutions.	being);	Claborateu,	Forest Sector Re			NNLE "Agriculture a	nd Rural						t of Sweden	
	Information campaigns	SDG 7 (Affordable and	At least 2	form in			Development Agence							t of Sweden	
	will be implemented for	clean energy);	information	Georgia to			Development rigene	,							
	the encouragement of	SDG 11 (Sustainable cities	campaign about	Reduce											
	using energy-efficient	and communities);	energy-efficient	Greenhouse Gas											
	stoves that will reduce	SDG 12 (Responsible	stoves and	Emissions Due											
	pressure on forests and	consumption and	supporting	to Forest Degra											
	will improve utilization	production).	financial	dation"											
	of waste biomass.		programmes are												
			implemented												
	Objective 3.5.		Train highly pr	ofessional personi	nel in energy effici	ency									
Outcome indicator of the	Total percentage of the cert	cified and diplomaed		Baseline	Medium- M	ledium	Medium-term	Medium-	Final target		Sources of verif	ication			
objective 3.5.1:	specialists in heating, coolin	ng, ventilation systems, and			term target -te	erm	target	term							
	energy efficiency issues of t	he buildings.				rget		target							
			Year	2020	2022 20)24	2026	2028	2030				perts published on the	website of the I	Ministry of Economy and
			Value	0% of target	0% of target 30)% of	60% of target	80% of	100% of targ	et contingent	Sustainable Dev	elopment			
				contingent	contingent ta	rget	contingent	target							
					co	ontinge		contingen							
					nt			t							
Risk	Postponing the enactment	of the mentioned secondary le	gal acts												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia	Output indicator	Sources of	Responsible institu	tion	Partner institution		Period of	Budget	Financing	source			
		Association Agreement	of the activity	verification					implementa						
		and SDGs							tion		State	Other			Deficit
											State				= 3
											Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio	
											Amount	Code	Milouit	n	
														11	

3.5.1. Development of qualification, accreditation, and certification schemes for energy sector experts.	Development of the certification system for energy service providers, energy auditors, energy managers, and assemblers, working on the installation of energy appliances in buildings sector.	Support implementation of directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; Directive 2010/31/EU; SDG 4 (Quality education); SDG 5 (Gender equality); SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	With the involvement of stakeholders (energy sectors NGOs, energy providers, construction and audit companies), qualification, accreditation, and certification schemes are developed and adopted and are in full accordance with EU Directive 2009/28/EC.	Monitoring report of National Energy Efficiency Action Plan.	Ministry of Ec Sustainable Do		Accreditation centers Training centers	ers	2023 Q4	1,073,160.0 GEL				1,073,160.0 GEL
3.5.2. Development of educational programs and trainings for energy consultants.	Development of programmes to improve the skills and competency of energy engineers, energy auditing companies, and energy service providers.	Support implementation of directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 1 (No poverty); SDG 4 (Quality education); SDG 5 (Gender equality); SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 10 (Reduced	With the involvement of stakeholders, at least two educational and training programmes are developed in Tbilisi and region.	Monitoring report of National Energy Efficiency Action Plan.	Ministry of Ec Sustainable Do		Accreditation centers	ers	2023 Q2	Administrative costs				
		inequality).												
	Goal 4		Support the lo	ow carbon deve	elopment of t	the industr	y sector by enc	ouraging cl	limate-frienc	dly innovative techr	ologies and service	es to achieve a 5%	emissions r	eduction compared to
			emissions pro	jected under a	reference sce	enario by 2	.030							
	Links to SDGs		SDGs 8, 9, 11, 12											
Impact indicator 4.1:	GHG emissions of the indu	stry sector (ktCO2e.)		Historical	Baseline	Medium-to target	erm Mediu m- term target	reference scenario projectio n	Final target	Sources of verification				
			Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030	2030 National GHG Inv	entory			
			Value	11,445	3,123	4,474	5,289	5,986	< 5,690 (-					
									5%)					
	Objective 4.1		Reduce the leve	l of greenhouse ø	as emissions fr	rom industria	l processes and en	ergy consum	ption of indus	strial facilities by introd	ucing modern techno	ologies		
Outcome indicator of the	GHG emissions of cement	production (ktCO2e.)		Baseline	Medium-term		Final target	<i>G</i> /	Sources of ve		<u> </u>	3		
objective 4.1.1:		,	Year	2020	2022		2023		_	ress reports and evaluation	report for the Climate	Action Plan		
			Value	968	1083		1139							
Outcome indicator of the	GHG emissions of chemica	l production (ktCO2e.)		Baseline	Medium-term	n target	Final target		Sources of ve					
objective 4.1.2:			Year	2020	2022		2023		Annual prog	ress reports and evaluation	report for the Climate	Action Plan		

			Value	2547	2919		3105								
Risk	Low interest of the private s	sector; Due to the Coronaviru	s pandemic, delay in	conducting necessa	ry research with	in the projec	t (including mobilizat	ion of a group	o of foreign expe	erts), and introduction	on of technologies				
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible ins	stitution	Partner institution		Period of implementa	Budget	Financing	source			
		and SDGs							tion		State	Other			Deficit
											Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio n	
4.1.1. Substitute wet with the dry method in cement production	Switch cement production method to the dry method (reducing energy use and, accordingly, emissions)	Support implementation of directives 2008/50/EC and 2010/75/EU; SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	The new technology that reduces energy use by 20-40% is introduced; 100% of cement production is carried out by utilization of the new technology.	Annual report of ltd "Heidelberg"	ltd "Heidelberg	3"	Ministry of Environ Protection and Agri		2022 Q4	15,687,936.0 GEL			15,687,936.0 GEL (private)	ltd "Heidelber g"	
4.1.2. Supporting the low- emission production of Nitric Acid with	From 2020 through cooperation with the German Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, and Nuclear Safety (BMU), joined the initiative aimed at equipping the Nitric Acid producer companies in the member countries with nitrous oxide absorbing technologies that cause climate change. Ltd "Rustavi Azoti" is a Nitric Acid producer factory that will be equipped with modern technology for reducing N2O from its production cycle.	Support implementation of directives 2008/50/EC and 2010/75/EU; SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	The factory is equipped with new technology that emits at least 95% less N ₂ O; 100% of Nitric Acid is produced with the new equipment.	Implementation report of the project "Support of Nitric Acid Climate Action Group (NACAG)."	Ltd "Rustavi Az	zoti"	Ministry of Environ Protection and Agri		2023 Q4	17,820,000.0 GEL			8,910,000.0 GEL (Ltd "Rustavi Azoti", private) 8,910,000.0 GEL (grant)	Ltd "Rustavi Azoti" Governmen t of the Federal Republic of Germany	
	Objective 4.2		Develop a syste	m of studying the	emissions facto	ors and data	management in th	e industry s	ector						
Outcome indicator of the objective 4.2.1:	Number of the industries was factors were studied	here specific emissions		Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target	Medium-term target	Medium- term target	Final target		Sources of verifi	cation			
			Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Annual progress	reports an	d evaluation report for	the Climate Act	ion Plan
Risk	Lack of field expertise: Low	interest of the private sector;	Value Provision of confide	0 ential information fo	r the developme	2 nt of data ma	anagement system and	identification	5 n of individual 6	emission factor.					
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible ins		Partner institution		Period of implementa	Budget	Financing	source			
		and SDGs							tion		State	Other			Deficit
											Amount	Code	Amount	Organizatio n	

4.2.1. Develop individual emission factors per production.	Introduction of a data management system that includes plant-specific emission factors to better estimate sector's emissions and mitigation potentials.	Support implementation of directive 2010/75/EU and article 314 of Association Agreement; SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	Specific emissions factor at least for two productions is introduced.	Report of the project "Capacity-building Initiative for Transparency (CBIT)."	Ministry of Environmenta Protection and Agriculture (C Change Divisi	d Climate	Ltd "Rustavi Ltd "Heidelb		2023 Q2	99,600.0 GI	ΞL			99,600.0 GEL (grant)	GEF/UNEF	
	Goal 5		Support the lo	ow carbon devel	opment of the	e agricultu	re sector thi	rough encouragii	ng climate-sn	nart agricul	ture te	chnologies a	nd services.			
	Links to SDGs		SDGs 2, 6, 12, 15		1			0 0				<u>U</u>				
Impact indicator 5.1:	GHG emissions of the agricul	ture sector (GgCO2e.)		Historical	Baseline	Medium-t	erm target	Medium-term target	Reference scenario projection	Final target	:	Sources of verif	ication			
			Year	1990	2015	2024		2028	2030	2030		GHG National I	Inventory			
			Value	4,102	3,326	3,635		4,203	4,624	Less than 4	,533					
	Objective 5.1		Implement sust	ainable managem	ent of soil and	nastures an	d support the	introduction of su	ıstainable dom	estic animal	feeding	practices				
ამოცანის შედეგის Value 5.1.1:	Percentage of farmers who has sustainable domestic animal functions sustainable soil management	eeding practices and		Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium -term target	Medium- term target	Medium-term target	Final target	estre unimu		of verification				
	by the extension centres and	the National Food Agency	Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Annua	progress report	ts and evaluation	on report for the C	limate Action F	lan
			Value	0%	50% of the farmers of target contingent	50% of the farmers of target continge nt	50% of the farmers of target contingent	50% of the farmers of target contingent	50% of the far target conting		Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan					
Risk	Low interest of the farmers															
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible i	nstitution	Partner insti	tution	Period of implementat ion	Budget		Financing sourc				
												State	Other		Defic	it
												Amou Code	Amount	Orga n	nizatio	

Outcome indicator of the objective 5.2.1:	The overarching aim of the project is to establish a climate-resilient and multifunctional Windbreak & Agroforestry Ecosystem (mWAE), reducing land degradation, increasing soil and agricultural productivity, and diversification. Objective 5.2 Share of smart climate technoloased on cost-benefit analysis agricultural, state, and donor	and other evidence in	about the rehabilitation of windbreaks is submitted to international donors for financing; Legislative regulation about the windbreak zones is prepared/adopte d. Build capacities Year	act published on the website of the Legislative Herald of Georgia. Project proposal about the rehabilitation of windbreaks.	Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Department of Hydrology and Land Management)	LEPL "National Agency for Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring" Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department) Evelopment of climate-smart a Medium-term target Medium-terr target 2026 2028 40% 50%	pproaches in the		ector Sources of verification	and evaluation report for the Climate	e Action Plan
Outcome indicator of the	The overarching aim of the project is to establish a climate-resilient and multifunctional Windbreak & Agroforestry Ecosystem (mWAE), reducing land degradation, increasing soil and agricultural productivity, and diversification. Objective 5.2 Share of smart climate technoloased on cost-benefit analysis	ologies and/or initiatives and other evidence in	about the rehabilitation of windbreaks is submitted to international donors for financing; Legislative regulation about the windbreak zones is prepared/adopte d. Build capacities	act published on the website of the Legislative Herald of Georgia. Project proposal about the rehabilitation of windbreaks. of generating scient Baseline	Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Department of Hydrology and Land Management) tific evidence for the de Medium term target Larget Medium target	Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring" Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department) Evelopment of climate-smart a Medium-term target Medium-terr target	pproaches in the		ector Sources of verification	(grant)	
Outcome indicator of the	The overarching aim of the project is to establish a climate-resilient and multifunctional Windbreak & Agroforestry Ecosystem (mWAE), reducing land degradation, increasing soil and agricultural productivity, and diversification. Objective 5.2 Share of smart climate technoloased on cost-benefit analysis	ologies and/or initiatives and other evidence in	about the rehabilitation of windbreaks is submitted to international donors for financing; Legislative regulation about the windbreak zones is prepared/adopte d. Build capacities	act published on the website of the Legislative Herald of Georgia. Project proposal about the rehabilitation of windbreaks.	Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Department of Hydrology and Land Management) tific evidence for the de Medium term Hodium term Medium term	Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring" Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department)	pproaches in the		ector	IFAD	
	The overarching aim of the project is to establish a climate-resilient and multifunctional Windbreak & Agroforestry Ecosystem (mWAE), reducing land degradation, increasing soil and agricultural productivity, and diversification.		about the rehabilitation of windbreaks is submitted to international donors for financing; Legislative regulation about the windbreak zones is prepared/adopte d. Build capacities	act published on the website of the Legislative Herald of Georgia. Project proposal about the rehabilitation of windbreaks.	Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Department of Hydrology and Land Management)	Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring" Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department)	pproaches in the		ector	IFAD	
degradation.	The overarching aim of the project is to establish a climate-resilient and multifunctional Windbreak & Agroforestry Ecosystem (mWAE), reducing land degradation, increasing soil and agricultural productivity, and diversification.	SDG 15 (Life on land)	about the rehabilitation of windbreaks is submitted to international donors for financing; Legislative regulation about the windbreak zones is prepared/adopte d.	act published on the website of the Legislative Herald of Georgia. Project proposal about the rehabilitation of windbreaks.	Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Department of Hydrology and Land Management)	Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring" Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department)				IFAD	
degradation.	The overarching aim of the project is to establish a climate-resilient and multifunctional Windbreak & Agroforestry Ecosystem (mWAE), reducing land degradation, increasing soil and agricultural productivity, and	SDG 15 (Life on land)	about the rehabilitation of windbreaks is submitted to international donors for financing; Legislative regulation about the windbreak zones is	act published on the website of the Legislative Herald of Georgia. Project proposal about the rehabilitation of	Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Department of Hydrology and Land	Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring" Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate		498,000.0 Gr	SL	IFAD	
degradation.	The overarching aim of the project is to establish a climate-resilient and multifunctional Windbreak & Agroforestry Ecosystem	SDG 15 (Life on land)	about the rehabilitation of windbreaks is submitted to	act published on the website of the Legislative Herald of	Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Department of	Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring"		498,000.0 GI	SL	IFAD	
5.1.3. Rehabilitation and transformation of windbreaks to minimize climate-related land degradation.			Project proposal	Secondary legal	Ministry of	TEDI "NI .: 1 A C	2002.04	498,000.0 GE	77	400 000 0 CEI	
5.1.2. Develop legislation and prepare a project proposal with the aim of increasing the quality of livestock nutrition and conservation of pasture biodiversity	The aim of the project is to increase the quality of livestock nutrition for cattle as well as the conservation of pasture biodiversity and to reduce maintenance costs for cattle livestock for beneficiaries by handing over intensive grass production equipment to beneficiaries. Accordingly, the activity includes the development of the bill about pasture management and preparing the project proposal.	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation); SDG 15 (Life on land).	The project concept is developed, and international finances for its implementation is requested; Pasture management legislation is developed.	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture; Secondary legal act about pasture management published on the website of the Legislative Herald of Georgia.	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Department of Hydrology and Land Management; Environment and Climate Change Department; Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Development;)	NNLP "Rural Development Agency" LEPL "National Agency for Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring"	2023 Q4	237,600.0 GE	EL		237,600.0 GEL
5.1.1. In order to reduce the emissions generated by enteric fermentation of the cattle, develop a methodology for changing the feed for the cattle and run a recommendation campaign.	The objective of the measure is to maximize feed quality for up to 20% of cattle by 2021, leading to lower emissions from enteric fermentation. (For additional information, Georgia has enough diversity in terms of forage plants, limiting rumination while increasing or keeping livestock productivity. Optimal feed mixes need to be identified and then communicated to dairy farmers through a manual. Further, Georgian grape map should be explored since grape peel, and stone can be used as an alternative cheap dietary supplement for tackling ruminant emissions).	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation); SDG 15 (Life on land).	Methodology is introduced and agreed with stakeholders; At least one recommendation campaign is carried out in every region with the participation of at least 50 farmers.	Developed Methodology document Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department; Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Development;)	Ltd "Scientific-Research Cente of Agriculture" NNLP "Rural Development Agency" LEPL "Environmental Information and Education Center"	r 2023 Q2	574,200.0 GE			574,200.0 GEL

Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementa	Budget	Financi	ng source			
		and SDGs					tion		State		Other		Deficit
									Amou	Code	Amount	Organizatio n	
6.2.1. Develop cost- benefit analysis and feasibility study to dentify best options to ncrease further change in ivestock feed for the next teration of the Climate Action Plan.	The cost-benefits analysis and feasibility study can facilitate the identification of the most attractive measures for further improving feed quality to pursue in the next iteration of the Climate Action Plan.	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 15 (Life on earth).	Conclusion of the technical analysis report that analyses at least two alternatives of improving feed quality is developed.	Document of technical analysis	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department; Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Development;)	Ltd "Scientific-Research Center of Agriculture" NNLP "Rural Development Agency"	2023 Q2	237,600.0 GEL					237,600.0 GEL
5.2.2. Develop cost- benefit analysis and feasibility study to identify best options in which manure management systems can be implemented.	The cost-benefits analysis and feasibility study can inform the identification of the most attractive measures in Georgia (per region) for manure management systems to pursue in the next iteration of the Climate Action Plan.	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 15 (Life on earth).	Conclusion of the technical analysis report that analyses at least two alternatives of manure management is developed.	Document of technical analysis	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department; Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Development;)	Ltd "Scientific-Research Center of Agriculture" NNLP "Rural Development Agency"	2023 Q3	237,600.0 GEL					237,600.0 GEL
5.2.3 Support existing and emerging cooperatives to implement sustainable pasture management practices and replicate the success factors of successful cooperatives.	Of the 37 existing cooperatives, 23 have transferred pastures from the State for 25 years, although, in many cases, sustainable pasture management is not implemented. Therefore, it is important to strengthen the capacity of the representatives of existing cooperatives in terms of sustainable pasture management. Activity includes the preparation of a project proposal for the introduction of the principles of sustainable	SDG 2 (Zero Hunger)	Project proposal including the introduction of sustainable pasture management principles to the farmers is developed.	Developed project proposal	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture NNLP "Rural Development Agency"	Ltd "Scientific-Research Center of Agriculture" Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Development; Environment and Climate Change Department;)	2023 Q3	996,000.0 GEL					996,000.0 GEL

5.2.4 Research and consultation processes to define economic and	Economic and socially feasible Climate-Smart Agriculture (CSA) actions	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 15 (Life	A technical analysis report is developed	Document of technical analysis report	Ministry of Environment Protection a	ntal and	Ltd "Scienti of Agricultu	ıre"		2023 Q4	356,400.0 GEL			356,400.0 GEL
socially feasible Climate- Smart Agriculture (CSA) actions in the context of Georgia	research (per crops and regions that aren't covered yet) can facilitate the identification of the most promising measures for implementing Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) practices to pursue in the next iteration of the Climate Action Plan.	on earth).	containing recommendatio ns for at least two measures that are most promising for the implementation of the Climate- Smart Agriculture (CSA) practices; Annually at least two consultation	Document of agricultural practice guide	Agriculture (Environme Climate Cha Department Department Agriculture Rural Devel	ent and ange t; t of , Food and	NNLP "Rur Agency" Ministry of Protection a (Department Analysis;)	Environn	nental ulture					
			meetings are organized by the CSA working group; By 2024, a good agricultural practice guide is developed for at least 5 agricultural crops.											
5.2.5. Promoting the introduction of climate-friendly agricultural practices through extension and awareness-raising campaigns.	The campaign can help guide farmers in implementing sustainable practices.	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 15 (Life on earth).	At least 12 awareness- raising event is organized.	Analytics reports of the Facebook and Google of the LEPL Environmental Information an	Ministry of Environmen Protection a Agriculture	ntal and	LEPL "Envi Information Center" NNLP "Rur Agency"	n and Edu	cation	2023 Q4	356,400.0 GEL			356,400.0 GEL
	Goal 6		Support the lo		elopment of tl	he waste sec	tor through	h encou	raging c	limate-smart	technologies and	services.		
Impact indicator 6.1:	Links to SDGs GHG emissions of the Wa	iste sector (GgCO2e.)	SDGs 8, 11, 12	Historical	Baseline	Mediu target	m-term	Mediu m- term target	Reference e scenar projection	io	Sources of verifica	tion		
			Year Value	1990 1,105	2015 1,389	2024		2028 1,339	2030	2030 Less than 1,850	2030 National GH	G Inventory		
0	Objective 6.1 ojective GHG emissions from	1 ICII- (C. CO.)	Reduce GHG en								Pin al :		C	
Outcome indicator of the ob 6.1.1:	ojective Grid emissions from	ianuffilis (GgCO2e.)			Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium- term target	Mediu term t		Medium-term target	Final target		Sources of verification	
				ear	1,091	2022	2024	2026 908		2028	2030		Annual progress report	s and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan
Risk	Delay in constructing	g new landfills due to the selec				,								
Activity	Short descrip	ption			Sources of verification	Responsible	institution	Partne	er instituti	ion	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source	

		Links to EU-Georgia	Output						State		State		Deficit
		Association Agreement and SDGs	indicator of the activity						Amoun	Code	Amount	Organization	
6.1.1. Closing official (unauthorized) non-hazardous landfills.	Closing existing official (unauthorized) municipal landfills.	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; Directive 1999/31/EC; SDG (Health and wellbeing); SDG 6-006 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	Until 2024 at least 4 unauthorized landfills are closed.	Annual report of the Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure	Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure	LEPL "Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia" LEPL "Municipal Development Fund of Georgia" Government of Autonomous Republic of Adjara Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Relevant municipalities	2023 Q4	6,520,000.0 GEL	2,520, 000.0 GEL	25 05 01	4,000,000.0 GEL (loan)	EBRD	
6.1.2. Closing dumpsites.	Closure of up to 400 existing dumpsites in the regions.	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; Directive 1999/31/EC; In accordance with the changes caused by regulations (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	Until 2024 100% of dumpsites are closed.	Reports of the municipalities	Municipality City Halls	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure LEPL "Solid Waste Management Company"	2023 Q4	2,800,000.0 GEL					2,800,000. 0 GEL
6.1.3. Construction of regional non-hazardous landfills	By the end of 2030, seven regional non-hazardous landfills corresponding to the standards will be constructed (Adjara, Kvemo Kartli, Samegrelo, Imereti, Kakheti, Central, Georgia – 2).	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; Directive 1999/31/EC; In accordance with the changes caused by regulations (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3(Health and wellbeing); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By 2024 3 new landfills are constructed (Adjara, Kvemo Kartli, Samegrelo).	Annual report of the Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure	Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure	LEPL "Solid Waste Management Company" Government of Autonomous Republic of Adjara Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	2023 Q4	47,520,000.0 GEL			47,520,000.0 GEL (loan)	EBRD KfW	

6.1.4. Upgrade and improvement of Tbilisi's landfill.	Procurement of waste collection trucks to upgrade existing wastedisposal vehicles fleet. Modernization of existing solid waste unloading stations. Improve leak management system of Tbilisi landfill. Construction of gas collection and capturing system at Tbilisi landfill.	Support implementation of directive 1999/31/EC; In accordance with the changes caused by regulations (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	A gas collection and leaked water management system is installed in the Tbilisi landfill that fully complies with the technical regulation on "landfill construction, operation, closure and further maintenance" approved by the Government of Georgia.	Report of Tbilisi City Hall	Tbilisi City I	Hall	Ministry of En Protection and		2023 Q2	4,000,000.0 GEL		4,000,000.0 GEL (loan)	EBRD	
6.1.5. Utilization of landfill gas in Kutaisi's non-hazardous waste landfill.	Installing a gas capture and recovery system in Kutaisi's landfill.	Support implementation of directive 1999/31/EC; In accordance with the changes caused by regulations (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	A gas recovery system is installed in the Kutaisi landfill that fully complies with the technical regulation on "landfill construction, operation, closure and further maintenance" approved by the Government of Georgia.	Report of LEPL "Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia"	LEPL "Solid Managemen Georgia"	Waste t Company of	Ministry of En Protection and		2023 Q4	4,000,000.0 GEL		4,000,000.0 GEL (loan, grant)	KfW, EU/NIF	
6.1.6. Utilization of landfill gas in Batumi's non-hazardous waste landfill.	Installing a gas capture and recovery system in Batumi's landfill.	Support implementation of directive 1999/31/EC; In accordance with the changes caused by regulations (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	A gas capture and recovery system is installed in Batumi landfill that fully complies with the technical regulation on "landfill construction, operation, closure and further maintenance" approved by the Government of Georgia.	Annual report of Batumi City Hall	Batumi City	Hall	Ministry of En Protection and Ministry of Fin Economy of th Republic of Ad	Agriculture ance and e Autonomous	2022 Q4	4,000,000.0 GEL		4,000,000.0 GEL (loan)	EBRD	
	Objective 6.2		Support waste r	ecycling										
Outcome indicator of the objective 6.2.1:	Amount of reduced emission from w	vaste recycling (GgCO2e.)	Support waste f	Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium- term target	Medium- term target	Medium-term target	Final target		Sources of verification			
			Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Annual progress reports and	d evaluation repo	ort for the Climat	e Action
			Value	0	10	40	100	130	More than 150		Plan			

Risk	Low interest of waste recycling com	panies													
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and	Output indicator of the	Sources of verification	Responsible	institution	Partner institu	ition	Period of implementation	Budget	Finan	cing source			
		SDGs	activity								State		Other		Deficit
											Amou	n Code	Amount	Organization	
6.2.1. Introduce the practice of separating paper waste from the source by the municipalities and encourage paper recycling.	The activity involves separating one of the municipal biodegradable waste streams from the source by municipalities, collecting information, and preparing brochures about paper recycling to achieve the paper recycling rate. For more information: paper fraction of the municipal waste presented at the landfill is a source of GHG emissions, and collection and recycling of mentioned waste is important.	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation and infrastructure).	Annually the number of recycled paper equals to minimum 30% of produced paper waste; Paper separation practice from the source is introduced at least in 2 municipalities;		Ministry of Environmen and Agricult	tal Protection ure	Municipalities Private compa		2023 Q4	Administrati	ve				
6.2.2. Biodegradable (organic and	Organic and garden waste	Support implementation of	Informational brochure is developed. Amount of	Waste	Relevant mu	nicipalities	Ministry of Ei	vironmental	2023 Q4	1,188,000.0	GEL		1,188,000.0	EU	
garden waste) recycling by the municipalities.	composting in Marneuli and Kutaisi municipalities by the municipal composting facilities.	directive 2008/98/EC; SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation and infrastructure).	annually recycled biodegradable organic and garden waste equals 600 tons; The amount of compost obtained is 40	management database		,	Protection and Imereti Scient "SPECTRI"	l Agriculture					GEL (grant)		
6.2.3. Education and awareness-raising on waste management.	Implement an awareness-raising campaign for the population and other stakeholders.	SDG 4 (Quality Education); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 12- (Responsible consumption and production).	tons. At least 5 awareness- raising campaign is conducted.	Analytic reports of Facebook and Google of LEPL "Environmenta l Information and Education Center"			Ministry of En Protection and LEPL "Enviro Information a Center"	l Agriculture	2023 Q4	118,800.0 GE	EL		118,800.0 GEL (grant)	Government of Sweden, Government of Norway, Government of Great Britain	
	Objective 6.3.	Reduce GHG en	l missions from wa	astewater				1							
Outcome indicator of the objective 6.3.1:	Amount of reduced emissions from	wastewater (GgCO2e.)		Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium- term target	Medium- term target	Medium-term target	Final target		Sources of veri				
			Year Value	2020	More than	2024 More than	2026 More than	2028 More than 400	2030 More than 500		Report of the U	Inited Water S	upply Company of Ge	orgia	
Risk	Failure in finding financial resource	s necessary for the implementat	ion of the activity		150	200	300								

Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and	Output indicator of the	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financin	g source			
		SDGs	activity						State		State		Deficit
									Amoun	Code	Amount	Organization	
6.3.1. Construction of municipal wastewater treatment plants.	Completion of construction of 6 municipal wastewater treatment plants (Abastumani sewage treatment plant, Zugdidi wastewater treatment plant, Poti wastewater treatment plant, Marneuli wastewater treatment plant, Mestia wastewater treatment plant, Gudauri wastewater treatment plant). Also, construction of 7 treatment facilities is planned (Kvareli, Mukhrani, Martvili, Dusheti, Zhinvali, Pasanauri, Khashuri).	Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes caused by directive 98/15/EC and Regulation N 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By 2024 six municipal treatment station is constructed; By 2024 project procurement for the construction of 7 stations is announced.	Report of the ltd "United Water Supply Company of Georgia"	Company of Georgia"	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure	2023 Q4	183,120,618.0 GEL	34,214, 344.0 GEL	250401	148,906,274.0 GEL (loan)	ADB	
6.3.2. Capture and recovery of GHGs in Tbilisi's wastewater treatment plants.	Installing a gas capture and recovery system in Tbilisi's wastewater treatment plant.	Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes caused by directive 98/15/EC and Regulation N 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing), SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation), SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth), and SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities)	Tbilisi treatment plant is equipped with gas collection and treatment systems that fully comply with the Council Directive 91/271 / EEC.	Report of ltd "Georgian Water and Power"	ltd "Georgian Water and Power"	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Tbilisi City Hall	2023 Q4	21,000.0 GEL			21,000.0 GEL	ltd "Georgian Water and Power"	
6.3.3. Capture and recovery of GHGs in Batumi's wastewater treatment plants.	Installing a gas capture and recovery system in Batumi's wastewater treatment plant.	Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes caused by directive 98/15/EC and regulation N 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and wellbeing); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	Batumi treatment plant is equipped with gas collection and treatment systems that fully comply with the Council Directive 91/271 / EEC.	Report of ltd "Batumi Water"	Ltd "Batumi Water"	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Batumi City Hall	2023 Q4	17,500.0 GEL			17,500.0 GEL	Ltd "Batumi Water"	

6.3.4. Capture and recovery of GHGs in Kobuleti's wastewater treatment plant. Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes caused by directive 98/15/EC and regulation N 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and welbeing); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities). Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes caused by directive 98/15/EC and regulation N 1882/2003. Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes caused by directive 98/15/EC and regulation N 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and welbeing); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).		17,500.0 GEL	ltd "Kobuleti Water"	
Objective 6.4. Develop the data-based system of waste management				
Outcome indicator of the objective 6.4.1: Baseline Medium—term term target Target Baseline Medium—term target Baseline Baseline Baseline Medium—term target Baseline Baseline	e of Georgia			
Year 2020 2022 2024 2026 2028 2030				
Value 0% 50% 70% 80% 90% 100%				
Risk Waste Management System Malfunction				
Activity Short description Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs Output indicator of the activity Sources of verification SDGs Responsible institution Partner institution Partner institution Partner institution Period of implementation implementation	Financing source			
SDGS activity	State	State		Deficit
	Amoun Code t	Amount	Organization	
6.4.1. Establish a consolidated process for collecting and updating data for the waste sector. SDG 4 (Quality Education); SDG 5 (B (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 16 (Peace, justice and strong institutions). SDG 4 (Quality Education); SDG 4 (Guality Education); SDG 8 (B (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 16 (Peace, justice and strong institutions). The National Statistics Office of Georgia (GeoStat) SDG 4 (Quality Education); SDG 4 (Georgia has statistics) of Georgia (GeoStat) Satistics Office of Georgia (GeoStat) Emission reports are based on the sources and data (including incineration and composting).		62,500.0 GEL (grant)	EU (TWINNIN G)	
Goal 7 Increase carbon capture capacity of forests by 10% by 2030 compared to 2015				
Links to SDGs SDGs 6, 11, 15				
Impact Value 7.1: Carbon capture potential of forests (GgCO2e) Historical Baseline Medium-term target m-term target scenario projectio n Year 1990 2015 2024 2028 2030 2030 2030 30 National GF.				
Value -6,353 - 5,621 - 5950 6000 -5,931 More than -6,183 (+10%)				
Objective 7.1 Restoration of degraded forest				
Outcome indicator of the objective Forest area in ha, where restoration works were carried out Baseline Medium- Medium- Medium- Final target	Sources of verification			

			Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Annual 1	eport of the Mir	nistry of Environn	nental Protection	and
			Value	190 ha	890 ha	2090 ha	2690 ha	3290 ha	More than 4000 ha	a	Agricult	-			
Risk	Reduction of the state budget and/or	r other incomes: Delays in appro	l oval of secondary le	l egal act of Forest Co	ode on "Forest l	l Maintenance ar	l nd Restoration rule	"							
				1			1		Period of	D., J.,	Pin an ain				
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible	nstitution	Partner instituti	on	implementation	Budget	Financin	g source			
		5203	activity								State		Other		Deficit
											Amoun	Code	Amount	Organization	_
7.1.1. Restoration of 625 ha of degraded forest area (including fire-sites) through forestation.	Total of 250 ha and 375 ha of the degraded forest territories (including fire-sites) will be restored through forestation in 2021-2023 (125 ha per annum). The exact areas will be chosen by the end of each year.	Association Agreement: Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty), SDG8 (Decent work and economic growth), and SDG15 (Life on land).	By 2024 625 ha of forest area is restored through forestation.	Report of ltd "National Forestry Agency"	Ministry of Environment and Agricult		ltd "National Fo	restry Agency"	2023 Q4	6,585,000.0 GEL	2,625,0 00.0 GEL	31 09 02	3,960,000.0 GEL (grant)	GCF, Government of Germany	
7.1.2. Restoration of the degraded forest through supporting natural restoration.	Various authorities responsible for forest sector management will restore degraded areas through supporting natural restoration. The following actions will be carried out: In 2020-2023 in total, 800 ha of degraded forests will be restored by the National Forest Agency (200 ha per annum); In 2019-2024, Adjara Forest Agency will restore 600 ha of degraded forest territory (subalpine); 991 ha of forest territory will be restored by Akhmeta Municipality in 2020-2024.	Association Agreement: Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty), SDG8 (Decent work and economic growth), and SDG15 (Life on land).	By 2024 approximately 1,300 ha of forest area is restored through natural restoration.	Annual reports of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environment and Agricult		ltd "National Fo Ltd "Forestry Ag Adjara" N(n)LE "Tushet: Areas Administr the Akhmeta M	gency of Protected ration" under	2023 Q4	4,758,260.0 GEL	1,125,0 00.0 GEL	31 09 02	3,633,260.0 GEL (grant)	GCF, Government of Germany	
	Objective 7.2		Support Sustain	nable Forest Man	agement										
Outcome indicator of the objective 7.2.1:			Baseline	Medium- term target	Medium- term target	Medium-term target	Medium- term target	Final target		Sources	of verification				
			Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		Annual 1	eport of the Mir	nistry of Environn	nental Protection	and
			Value	0	150, 807 ha	300, 000 ha	350, 000 ha	402, 000 ha	450, 000 ha		Agriculti	ıre			
	Reduction of the state budget and/or approval procedures of forest code n		of funds for newly e	established protecte	ed areas; Delays	in starting date	e of the GCF proje	ct "Enabling Imp	plementation of Fores	t Sector Reform in G	eorgia to Red	uce GHG Emissi	ons from Forest D	egradation"; Dela	ıys in
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia	Output	Sources of	Responsible	nstitution	Partner instituti	on	Period of	Budget	Financin	g source			
,	•	Association Agreement and SDGs	indicator of the activity	verification					implementation		State		Other		Deficit
		3DQ3	activity								Amoun	Code	Amount	Organization	

7.2.1 Introduction of sustainable	Until 2027 introduction and	Association Agreement:	Sustainable	Annual reports of the	Ministry of	ltd "National Forestry	2023 Q4	12,512,960.0	2,510,0	31 09 04	10,002,960.0	GCF,
forest management practice through the implementation of	implementation of sustainable forest management practice on	Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty) and SDG15	forest management	Ministry of Environmental	Environmental Protection and	Agency"		GEL	00.0 GEL		GEL	Government of Germany
sustainable forest management	402,209 ha of forest territory	(Life on land).	plan is	Protection and	Agriculture	The State Sub-Agency			GEL		(grant)	of Germany
plans.	(including 270,807 ha within the	(===========),	developed and	Agriculture	8	Department of					(8)	
	framework of the project funded		approved in at			Environmental						
	by GCF, and 131,302 ha within		least 7			Supervision						
	the budget funding) through		municipalities									
	supporting supervision, supply of		(Lanchkhuti,									
	sustainably produced and		Chokhatauri,									
	obtained firewood, the legislative framework, management of		Dedoplistskaro- Sighnaghi,									
	knowledge and capacities, and		Adigeni,									
	strengthening the measurement,		Lentekhi,									
	reporting, and verification		Lagodekhi,									
	(MRV) system.		Akhmeta);									
	This intervention also includes											
	the support of measures like the		269,954 ha of									
	development of necessary		forest area is sustainably									
	infrastructure/maintenance/cutti		managed in the									
	ng/forest restoration/sanitary		municipality.									
7.2.2 Introduction	cutting etc.	A A		A1 (C-1	Mining	1.1 "NT 1 T	2022 04	411 100 0 CET			411 100 0	CCE
7.2.2. Introduction of sustainable forest management practice	By 2027 introduction and implementation of sustainable	Association Agreement: Article 302;	14 Business yards are	Annual reports of the entities of the Ministry	Ministry of Environmental	ltd "National Forestry	2023 Q4	411,123.0 GEL		1	411,123.0 GEL	GCF, Government
through supervision and capacity	forest management practice and	Support implementation of	established and	of Environmental	Protection and	Agency"					GEL	of Germany
development.	carrying out the supervision on	directive 92/43/EC;	staffed;	Protection and	Agriculture	The State Sub-Agency					(grant)	or dermany
•	270,807 ha of forest territory by	Directive 97/62/EC;		Agriculture	Ü	Department of					,	
	supplying sustainably harvested	Directive 2006/105/EC, in	Supervision			Environmental						
	and produced firewood,	accordance with the changes	based on the			Supervision						
	strengthening the legal	caused by regulation	principles of			IEDI "E						
	framework, managing knowledge, and development	(EC) N 1882/2003; SDG1 (No poverty), SDG8	sustainable forest			LEPL "Environmental Information and Educati						
	capacities, supporting the	(Decent work and economic	management			on Centre"						
	enhancement of measurement,	growth), and SDG15 (Life on	principles			on centre						
	reporting, and validation (MRV)	land).	covers 270,807			ltd "Agency of Protected						
	systems.		ha of forest area.			Areas"						
7.2.3. Promoting sustainable	Paduaing program on the forests	Association Agreement:	The annual	Annual reports of the	Ministry of	ltd "National Forestry	2023 Q4	1,445,400.0 GEL			1,445,400.0	GCF,
management of forests by	Reducing pressure on the forests by supporting the	Article 302;	Amount of cases	entities of the Ministry	Environmental	Agency"	2023 Q4	1,445,400.0 GEL			1,445,400.0 GEL	GGF, Government
supporting the multifunctionality	multifunctional use of forests,	SDG1 (No poverty) and SDG15	of illegal logging	of Environmental	Protection and	rigericy					(grant)	of Germany,
of forests, raising public	raising public awareness, and	(Life on land).	and use of	Protection and	Agriculture	ltd "Agency of Protected					(grant)	Government
awareness, and supporting public	supporting public involvement in	, ,	timber by the	Agriculture		Areas"						of Sweden,
involvement in the forest reform	the forest reform processes.		population in									Government
processes.	Assess non-timber forest		the target areas			LEPL "Environmental						of
	potential, including touristic and		is reduced by			Information and Educati						Switzerland
	recreational, set the priorities and develop/implement the action		30%;			on Centre"						
	plan;		By 2024, at least			Ltd "Forestry Agency of						
	F,		10 permits have			Adjara"				1		
	Develop/implement		been issued for							1		
	Communication Strategy and		the use of non-									
	Action Plan on multifunctional		timber							1		
	use of forests, technologies, and		resources, and at							1		
	benefits of its sustainable use by		least 3 permits									
	the local population.		for the use of recreational							1		
			resources;									
			A public									
			awareness							1		
			campaign plan is developed.									
	L	1	developed.	1			1		1	I	1	1

7.2.4. Develop emerald network	Until 2030 Sustainable	Association Agreement:	By 2024,	Annual rep	orts of the	Ministry	of	ltd "National Fo	restry	2023 Q4	60,000.0 GEL			60,000.0 GEL	Government	
management plans for the	management and protection of	Article 302;	emerald	-	he Ministry	Environm		Agency"							of Germany	
territory of the forest of Georgia within the approved emerald	the 643,100 ha of special conservation areas (SAC) within	SDG1 (No poverty), SDG8 (Decent work and economic	network	of Environ		Protection Agricultu		ltd "Agency of P	Protected							
network sites.	the adopted and nominated	growth), and SDG15 (Life on	management	Protection		Agricultu	.16	Areas"	Totecteu							
network stees.	Emerald Network sites (590,103	land).	plans have been developed for at	Agriculture	2			111000								
	ha adopted; 52,997 ha	,	least 100,000 ha													
	nominated). Sustainable		of emerald													
	management of the forest area		network forest													
	approved by the management		area.													
	body responsible for the															
	management of a specific forest area and within the Emerald															
	Network sites by developing and															
	implementing a sustainable															
	management plan (including															
	supporting activities such as															
	constructing the necessary															
	infrastructure, maintenance,															
	logging, forestation, sanitary															
7.2.5. Protection and/or	cuttings, etc). Until 2030 protection and/or	Association Agreement:	Protected/sustai	Annual rep	ort of ltd	ltd "Agen	or of			2023 Q3	185,845.0 GEL	185,845	31 08 02			
sustainable management of forest	sustainable management of	Article 302;	nably managed	"Agency of		Protected				2023 Q3	165,645.0 GEL	.0 GEL	31 06 02			
areas within the new protected	162,895 ha of forest area within	SDG1 (No poverty), SDG8	forest area	Areas"	11000000	11000000	111000					.0 022				
territories.	the new protected territories.	(Decent work and economic	within the													
	7 393 ha within the Erusheti	growth), and SDG15 (Life on	newly													
	National Park, 17 230 ha within	land).	established													
	Racha National Park, 28 835 ha		territories													
	within the Racha-Lechkhumi		amounts to 150,000 ha.													
	Protected Areas, 41 759 ha within the Aragvi Protected		150,000 na.													
	Landscape, 22 325 ha within the															
	Svaneti Protected Areas, 8 208 ha															
	within the Trialeti Protected															
	Areas, 16 571 ha within the															
	protected areas of Dzama, 12 366															
	ha within the protected areas of															
	Samegrelo, 8 208 ha within the protected areas of Ateni with the															
	special protection regime.															
Objecti		Develop forest management s	ystem adequate to	climate cha	nge challen	ges										
Outcome indicator of the objective	Number of the forest-related project	cts that are intersectoral and		Baseline	Medium-	Medium-	Medium-	Medium-	Final	Sources of verific	cation					
7.3.1:	created through interagency coord				term	term	term target		target							
					target	target		target								
			Year		2022	2024	2026	2028	2030		f the Ministry of Enviro		ection and Agric	ulture;		
			Value	10	20	25	28	30	More	Plenary report of	f the National Forest Pr	ogram				
O	D		V	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	than 30 2030	M	C+1					
Outcome indicator of the objective 7.3.2:	Percentage share of the protected a climate change mitigation measure		Year Value	0	More	2024 More	More than	More than	100%	_ Management pia	ns of the protected area	.S				
7.0.2.	Chinate change intigation incasure	is are integrated	value	U	than	than 80%	85%	90%	100%							
					65%	tiluii 00 /0	0370	3070								
Outcome indicator of the objective	Number of the gender-sensitive su	stainable forest management plans	Year		2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Implementation	report of the project "E	nabling Imple	mentation of Fo	rest Sector Reform	in Georgia to Red	duce GHG
7.3.3:	Ü	·	Value	0	15%	30%	40%	50%	More		Forest Degradation"	0.			, and the second se	
									than							
Risk	Reduction of the state budget and/o	or other incomes.							50%							
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association	Output	Sources of v	verification	Responsil	ble	Partner instituti	ion	Period of	Budget	Financing	source			
,,		Agreement and SDGs	indicator of the	222100001		institution		Ci morredti		implementatio	8-4					
			activity							n		State		Other		Deficit

								Amoun	Code	Amount	Organizatio	
								t			n	
=	For ensuring the sustainable management of protected areas, discussion, development, and gradual integration of climate change issues, including mitigation to be carried out.	SDG 15 (Life on land)	Until 2024 climate change mitigation issues are integrated in more than 50% of protected area management plans.	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	ltd "Agency of Protected Areas"	2021 Q1 -2023 Q2.	Administrative costs					