

2030 Strategy of Climate Change of Georgia

2024-2025 action plan

The action plan has been prepared in accordance with the Resolution No. 629 of the Government of Georgia of December 20, 2019 "On approval of the procedure for development, monitoring and evaluation of policy documents". By sector, the historical and baseline indicators of the impact indicator are taken from the 1990-2015 National Greenhouse Gas Inventory of Georgia. The "baseline forecast" is calculated in different models and aggregated in the LEAP model. It refers to the expected value of the indicator in the absence of intervention, to which the desired "final target value" of the indicator is subtracted. A "baseline" performance indicator is the last available data to which the interim and final target performance indicators are compared. For more information on assumptions and methodology, see Annex IV of the Climate Change Strategy. Although many of the activities in the Climate Action Plan are carried out by the private sector, they are carried out with high involvement of the public sector and the efforts of civil servants. Only the estimated amount of direct, additional costs is included in the budget part. Accordingly, the budget does not specify indirect costs, including time spent by civil servants. Due to the specifics of climate change mitigation measures, investments from the private sector are indicated in a number of cases, although these funds are not included in the total budget of the climate change strategy and action plan.

Goal 1		Reduce the GHG emissions to 15% in the energy generation and transmission sector compared to reference scenario projection											
Link to SDGs		SDGs 1, 2, 3, 7, 9, 11											
Impact indicator 1.1:	Amount of GHG emissions from energy generation and transmission sector (ktCO ₂ e)		Historical	Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030	2030 National GHG Inventory				
		Value	19,855	3,654	4,425	5,212	6,691	5,687 (-15%)					
Impact indicator 1.2:	Proportion of the population that predominantly uses clean energy sources and technologies								Sources of verification				
		Year	2018	2022	2026	2028	2030		Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) of Georgia				
		Value	92,1%	93%	96%	97%	98%						
Objective 1.1		Renewable energy (wind, solar, hydro, biomass) generation support											
Outcome indicator of the objective 1.1.1:	Share of renewable energy in Georgia's electricity generation		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2018	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Ten-year network development plan of Georgia				
		Value	78%	72%	76%	82%	85%	87%					
Risk	Delay/cancellation of works by construction companies/investors due to population protests; Delays in conducting research required for projects due to the pandemic (including mobilization of a group of foreign experts); Post pandemic financial crisis												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State	Other		Deficit	
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
1.1.1. Technical and procedural support for wind power (WP) generation	<p>Until 2026, it includes the construction of the wind power plants with total installed capacity: 28 MW.</p> <p>Until 2030, it includes the construction of the following wind power plants: Imereti 1-100 MW. Tbilisi-28 MW. Ruisi+Zestafoni+Faravani-206 MW. Kaspi-80 MW.</p> <p>(Note: it should be noted that the construction of the cases provided for in the 2021-2023 action</p>	<p>Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC;</p> <p>SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being); SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities)</p>	Until 2026 Wind Power Plants (WPP) are constructed with a total installed capacity of 28 WP.	Ten-Year Network Development Plan of Georgia	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	JSC Georgian Energy Development Fund	2025 Quarter IV	1 543 860 000 GEL (US\$ 571,8 million)			1 543 860 000 GEL (US\$ 571,8 million)	"Infinite Energy" LLC JSC "Caucasus Wind Company" JSC "Wind Power" JSC "Caucasus Wind Company"	

	plan has been postponed, the stations, which are given in the activity graph, are written until 2030, and only a certain part will be built during the plan period, therefore the written capacity in the activity does not match the result indicator)												
1.1.2. Technical and procedural support for solar power (SP) generation	<p>Until 2026, it includes the construction of the following solar power plants: Marneuli - 68 MW.</p> <p>Total installed capacity: 68 MW</p> <p>Until 2030 includes the following solar Construction of power plants: Desert - 6.8 MW.</p>	<p>Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC;</p> <p>SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being); SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities)</p>	<p>Until 2026 Solar Power Plants (SPP) are constructed with a total installed capacity of 68 MW.</p>	Ten-Year Network Development Plan of Georgia	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	JSC Georgian Energy Development Fund	2025 Quarter IV	120 276 900 GEL (US\$ 44,547 million)			120 276 900 GEL (US\$ 44,547 million)	"Kartli Generation" LLC "Georgian Solar Company" LLC	
1.1.3. Technical and procedural support for hydro power (HP) generation	<p>Until 2026, it includes the construction of the following hydroelectric power stations: Mtkvari-54.1 MW. Story 1-33.6 MW.</p> <p>Total installed capacity: 87.7 MW.</p> <p>Until 2030, it includes the construction of the following solar power plants: Samkuristskali 2-26.28 MW. Metekhi 1-36.70 MW. Ghai-14.34 MW. Zoti HPP cascade - 46,063 MW.</p> <p>(Note: it should be noted that the construction of hydroelectric power stations provided for in the action plan for</p>	<p>Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC;</p> <p>SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being); SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities)</p>	<p>Until 2026 Hydro Power Plants are constructed with a total installed capacity of 87.7 MW.</p>	Ten-Year Network Development Plan of Georgia	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	JSC Georgian Energy Development Fund	2025 Quarter IV	923 940 000 GEL (US\$ 342.2 million)			923 940 000 GEL (US\$ 342.2 million)	"Mtkvari HPP" Ltd. "Story" LLC Feri LLC Fazisi Energy and Yenugen LLC Fazisi Energy and Yenugen LLC JSC "Zoti Hydro"	

	2021-2023 has been postponed. The stations listed in the activity graph are scheduled until 2030, and only a certain part will be built during the plan period, therefore the capacity scheduled in the activity does not match the result indicator)												
1.1.4. Installation of 200 MWh Energy Storage Battery System (BESS) at Xan substation.	The BESS energy storage battery system will support the integration of more variable renewable energy sources into the grid. BESS will allow Georgia's state electricity system to store clean energy and use it for grid stability.	Support for the implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC: SDG 5 (Gender Equality) SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 13 (action against climate change); SDG 16 (Peace, Justice, Strong Institutions)	By 2026, a 200 MWh battery energy storage system (BESS) will be installed in Ksani.	Feasibility study	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	JSC "State Electric System of Georgia"	2025 Quarter IV	337 500 000 GEL (\$125 million)			337 500 000 GEL (\$125 million)	Asian Development Bank (ADB)	
Objective 1.2			Improvement of average efficiency of thermal power plants										
Outcome indicator of the objective 1.2.1:	Indicator of electricity generation efficiency in thermal electricity plants		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2018	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	National Statistics Office of Georgia (Georgian Energy Balance)				
		Value	44%	45%	48%	48%	49%	More than 50%					
Risk	Lack of financial resources												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State	Other			Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
1.2.1. Construction of the new combined thermal power station Gardabani 3	Gardabani 3 - combined cycle gas thermal power plant will be built. (Note: the budget of Gardabani 3 is not yet known, it is at the research stage)	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being); SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities).	By 2026 one combined-cycle gas thermal power plant is constructed.	Annual report of JSC Georgian Oil and Gas Corporation	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	JSC "Georgian Oil and Gas Corporation"	2025 Quarter IV	to be confirmed				JSC "Georgian Oil and Gas Corporation"	

Objective 1.3.		Strengthen the capacities of renewable energy integration in the transmission network of Georgia											
Outcome indicator of the objective 1.3.1.	Share of renewable energy (wind and solar power plants) in Georgian energy systems installed capacity		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Ten-year network development plan of Georgia				
		Value	0.5%	0.6%	7.1%	12.2%	10.6%	18.2%					
Risk	Delay/cancellation of works by construction companies/investors due to population protests; Delays in conducting research required for projects due to the pandemic (including mobilization of a group of foreign experts)												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State	Other			Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
1.3.1. Implementation of a ten-year plan of Georgia's transmission network development for power transmission companies.	Improving the infrastructure of national transmission systems, solving existing problems, responding to future challenges, and utilizing the network capacities, including integration of renewable energy sources (wind and solar) into the network.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being); SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities).	Until 2026, 1800 MW power substation have been constructed and reinforced/renovated; Until 2026, 800 kilometers of power transmission lines have been constructed and reinforced/renovated; Wind and Solar Power Plants with a total installed capacity of 152.08 MW have been integrated.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	JSC Georgian State Electrosystem	2025 Quarter IV	2 066 978 196.50 GEL (€590,565,199)	224 360 500.00 GEL (64,103,000.0 euros)	24 14	1 842 617 696.50 GEL (€526,462,199) (loan, grant)	WB, KFW, EBRD	
Objective 1.4.		Development of new policy documents and legislation in the energy sector											
Outcome indicator of the objective 1.4.1.	Number of initiated new policy documents, laws, and secondary legislature elaborated in the energy sector, discussed and agreed with relevant stakeholders.		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development				
		Value	7	9	12	20	26	More than 30					
Risk	Lack of human resources, non-approval of the documents in time due to political or other external factors												
Activity	Short description				Responsible institution	Partner institution		Budget	Financing source				

		Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification			Period of implementation		State	Other			Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
1.4.1. National Integrated Energy and Climate Plan of Georgia	The National Integrated Energy and Climate Plan builds on existing national strategies and plans. The plan provides an overview of the existing energy system and energy and climate policy, discusses national goals and objectives for the five main directions of the energy connection, and the relevant policies and measures defined to achieve these goals. The plan covers the period up to 2030 and the vision up to 2050.	Facilitating the implementation of Directives 2009/28/EC and 2012/27/EU SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure) SDG 13 (action against climate change)	The national integrated energy and climate plan of Georgia has been approved until the end of 2024.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development		2024 Quarter IV	198,000.0 GEL			198,000.0 GEL (Grant)	EU, Government of Sweden, UNDP USAID	
1.4.2 Development of long-term comprehensive multisectoral strategy documents for green economy development in Georgia .	Development of a Green growth strategy and Action Plan, which will rely on a sustainable economic development model while ensuring economic growth to be aligned with the principles of "green growth". The strategy and the action plan will foster the development of innovative and clean production practice, more efficient and sustainable management of natural resources, minimizing the pollution and harmful effects on environment, increase resilience to climate change.	SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation); SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy) SDG 8 (Decent Work and Economic Growth); SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure); SDG 11 (Reduced Inequalities); SDG 13, (Climate Action); SDG 14 (Life Below Water); SDG 15 (Life on Land).	Until 2026, Green growth strategy of Georgia has been developed and approved Until 2026, the action plan of Georgia's green growth strategy has been developed and approved	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development of Georgia	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development		2025 Quarter IV	Technical Support			Non-monetised support	World Bank (WB)	
1.4.3. Development of a Green Hydrogen Strategy, Action Plan and Roadmap	For decarbonization and energy security purposes, the Ministry of Economy and	SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy) SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure);	Until 2026, a green hydrogen strategy has been	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	JSC Georgian Oil and Gas Corporation LEPL State Agency of Oil and Gas Georgian National Energy and Water Supply	2025 Quarter IV.	6 888 824.05 GEL (1,775,000 USD + 797,833 EUR)			6 888 824.05 GEL (1,775,000 USD + 797,833 EUR)	Credit Institute for Reconstruction (KfW);	

	Sustainable Development is considering the opportunities of Green Hydrogen utilization. The activity involves implementation of the measures in four key directions: 1) Development of state policies promoting green hydrogen use; 2) Aligning the hydrogen potential in conformity with the international commitments for climate change and energy; 3) Introduction of legislative framework promoting green hydrogen utilization; 4) Supporting adaptation of fossil resource industries with green hydrogen.	SDG 13, (Climate Action).	developed and approved Until 2026, the Green Hydrogen Strategy Action Plan has been developed and approved Until 2026, a green hydrogen strategy roadmap has been developed and approved			Regulatory Commission (GNERC); JSC Georgian State Electrosystem (GSE); JSC Georgian Energy Development Fund Georgian Energy Exchange							Asian Development Bank (ADB);	
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Goal 2		Reduce of GHG emissions to 15% in transport sector compared to reference scenario projection												
Link to SDGs		SDGs 3, 8, 11												
Impact indicator 2.1:	Amount of GHG emissions from the transport sector(GgCO ₂ e)		Historical	Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030	2030 National GHG Inventory					
		Value	3,823	4,139	4,563	5,257	7,110	< 6,044 (-15%)						
Objective 2.1		Increase the share of low and zero emissions and road-worthy private vehicles in the vehicle fleet												
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.1.1:	Share of electric vehicles in Georgia's registered vehicles fleet		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Vehicle registration database					
		Value	0.14%	0.5%	1%	2%	3%	5%						
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.1.2:	Share of hybrid cars in Georgia's registered vehicles fleet		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final Goal	Sources of verification					
		Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Vehicle registration database					
		Value	4.91%	5.5%	6.7%	9.8%	15%	20%						
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.1.3:	Percentage of vehicles failing first technical inspection		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Periodic Technical Inspection (PTI) data base					
		Value	55%	54%	50%	45%	40%	30%						
Risk	Failure of implementing incentive measures for electric vehicles due to the reduced state financial resources caused by a pandemic; Failure of developing affordable and high-coverage second-hand electric vehicle market; Due to the reduced income of the public, reduction of the costs for technical maintenance of the cars/purchase of the new car.													

Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source					
									State	Other			Deficit	
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization		
2.1.1. Technical inspection to detect impassable vehicles. Incorporation of the so-called "smart cameras" that recognize state license plates purchased by municipalities into the video surveillance network of the Ministry of Internal Affairs.	64 "smart cameras" that recognize state license plates purchased by municipalities are included in the unified video surveillance network of the Ministry of Internal Affairs	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (health and well-being).	Until 2026, 64 video cameras purchased by municipalities are operating and connected to the unified network of the Ministry of Internal Affairs	Annual Report of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia	Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia	respective local municipalities	2025 Quarter IV	administrative expense						
2.1.2. Control of vehicle emissions on roads.	The activity involves the introduction and implementation of a technical mechanism for controlling the level of emissions from vehicles.	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (health and well-being).	Until 2026, in the cities of Poti, Zugdidi and Gori, one crew equipped with a field measuring device for measuring vehicle emissions will operate.	Annual report of the Ministry of Environment and Agriculture	Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture of Georgia.	Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development of Georgia LSI "Land Transport Agency" SSD "Environmental Supervision Department"	2025 Quarter IV	500,000.0 GEL						500,000.0 GEL
2.1.3. Identifying additional optimal tax incentive alternatives to encourage the use of electric vehicles based on cost-benefit analysis. Look up details	Conducting a cost-benefit analysis to determine the extent to which additional tax incentives for electric vehicles (in addition to excise duty) would increase market penetration of electric vehicles to phase-in the existing fleet and determine the fiscal impact.	support for the implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (health and well-being).	An analysis of possible tax relief alternatives has been conducted and published until 2026.	A cost-benefit study report.	Ministry of finance of Georgia	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development of Georgia Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture of Georgia Service Agency of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the State of Georgia (providing information about registered vehicles)	2025 Quarter IV	Administrative costs						
Objective 2.2			Encourage the reduced demand on fossil fuels and the use of biofuels											
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.2.1:	Share of renewable energy consumed by all types of transport in the final energy consumption on the territory of Georgia		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	2018	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	National Statistics Office of Georgia (Georgia's Energy Balance); Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan.					
		Value	2%	3%	4%	6%	8%	10%						
Risk	Low interest of private sector; Failure of implementing incentive measures for electric vehicles due to the reduced state financial resources caused by the pandemic; Failure of developing affordable and high-coverage second-hand electric vehicle market.													
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source					
									State	Other			Deficit	
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization		

2.2.1. Support and promotion of the biodiesel production.	The activity includes promoting biodiesel production with a purpose to reduce carbon dioxide emissions, as well as collection of data on biodiesel production and sales, and observing trends.	Support for implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being).	The database on biodiesel production and sales is updated until 2026;	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Biodiesel Georgia LLC The Biomass Association of Georgia	2025 Quarter IV	Administrative costs						
Objective 2.3			Promote non-motorized means of mobility and public transport											
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.3.1:	Percentage of share of travel done by non-motorized transport (cycling and walking) in Tbilisi		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	2016	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Tbilisi Sustainable Transport study					
		Value	27,15%	30%	32%	33%	34%	35%						
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.3.2:	Percentage of share of travel done by the public transport (metro, bus, minibus) in Tbilisi		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	2016	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Tbilisi Sustainable Transport study					
		Value	39%	40%	41%	42%	43%	45%						
Risk	Reduced state investments in public transport and planned infrastructural works due to the reduced state financial resources caused by the pandemic													
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source					
									State	Other			Deficit	
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization		
2.3.1. Implementing the measures included in Tbilisi Transport Policy.	Activity involves: Upgrading bus fleet and introduction of a new route network; Modernizing the metro and increasing its capacity; Cable car construction; Introduction of a smart transport system; Rehabilitation of streets in accordance with the principles of multimodal planning.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By the end of 2025, 200 units of 18-meter buses will be moving in the city. By the end of 2025, 12 stations of the Tbilisi metro have been modernized. By the end of 2025, 40 new metro cars have been purchased. By the end of 2025, 5 new intelligent traffic lights will operate in	Monitoring reports of Tbilisi's Green Transport Policy Plan	Tbilisi City Hall	Transport and Urban Development Agency of Tbilisi Municipality Tbilisi Development Fund	2025 Quarter IV	75 million euros			75 million euros (Loan; Grant)	EBRD		

			<p>the streets of Tbilisi.</p> <p>By the end of 2025, 3 new bicycle lanes will be installed in Tbilisi.</p> <p>By the end of 2025, 4 ropeway lines have been commissioned and rehabilitated.</p> <p>By the end of 2025, 5 new streets have been rehabilitated in accordance with the principles of multimodal planning.</p>									
2.3.2. Implementation of the measures envisaged by the sustainable urban mobility plan of Batumi	The activity involves: expansion of the zonal-hourly parking network in the city; to expand the network of bicycle paths.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	<p>By the end of 2025, zonal-hourly parking has been introduced at 3 locations.</p> <p>By the end of 2025, 2 new bicycle lanes have been built.</p>	Report of the Mayor of Batumi Municipality.	Batumi City Hall	"Batumi Autotransport" LLC	2025 Quarter IV	1,00,000.0 GEL				1,00,000.0 GEL
2.3.3. Expansion of the public transport network in Rustavi Municipality	The activity involves: To increase the municipal fleet with 20 buses for transporting passengers in the city and on the Rustavi-Tbilisi route. improvement of the public transport route network. Researching the needs for the development of multimodal transport hubs in the municipality.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	<p>By the end of 2025, 20 new buses have been purchased.</p> <p>By the end of 2025, the updated public transport route network will be operational.</p> <p>By the end of 2025, a study</p>	Annual Report of the Mayor of Rustavi	Rustavi City Hall	St. Tbilisi Municipality City Hall Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure	2025 Quarter IV	14,000,000 GEL				14,000,000 GEL

	to study the conditions of introducing a single ticket for passengers traveling between Tbilisi and Rustavi; St. Tbilisi and St. To study the optimal quantities of periodicity and volume of public transport between Rustavi, the optimal places for stops of intercity passenger public transport arriving from Rustavi in Tbilisi..		has been published. About the needs for the development of multimodal transport hubs in Rustavi. By the end of 2025, a study on the conditions for introducing a single ticket for passengers moving between Tbilisi and Rustavi has been published. By the end of 2025, a study has been published. Tbilisi and St. About the frequency and volume of public transport between Rustavi, optimal places for intercity passenger public transport stops in Tbilisi from Rustavi.									
2.3.4. Expansion of public transport network in Kutaisi municipality	The activity involves: Increasing the municipal fleet by 30 buses. improvement of the public transport route network. To conduct a needs study for the development of multimodal transport hubs in the municipality.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By the end of 2025, 30 buses have been purchased. By the end of 2025, the updated public transport route network will be operational.	Report of the mayor of Kutaisi	Kutaisi City Hall	Ministry of finance of Georgia	2025 Quarter IV	9 000 000 GEL				9 000 000 GEL

	Arrangement of paths in the city for electric scooters.		By the end of 2025, a study on the needs for the development of multimodal transport hubs in the municipality has been published.										
Objective 2.4.			Implement innovative, evidence-based initiatives in the transport sector										
Outcome indicator of the objective 2.4.1.	Number of additional GHG emissions reduction initiatives based on the evidence in the transport sector		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Progress report of the Climate Strategy and Action Plan				
		Value	0	1	2	3	4	5					
Risk	Failure to conduct cost-benefit analysis of the proposal for GHG emissions reduction in the transport sector due to the lack of human and research resources												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State	Other			Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
2.4.1. Development of spatial development documents for cities: Batumi, Zugdidi, Oni.	The activity involves the preparation of the cities spatial development documents, which will help in the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions from the transportation sector.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By 2026, a city spatial development document has been developed for the following cities: Batumi, Zugdidi, Oni.	Report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure Municipalities: City of Batumi, Zugdidi, Oni	2025 Quarter IV	500,000 GEL			500,000 GEL	GIZ,	
2.4.2. Preparation of cost-benefit analysis and feasibility study to identify the best opportunities for moving road freight to rail	The activity envisages the preparation of a cost-benefit analysis that can help identify the most attractive measures for inclusion in the next version of the Climate Action Plan.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being);	A technical analysis document has been developed.	Cost-benefit analysis document	Ministry of Environment and Agriculture (Department of Environment and Climate Change)	JSC "Georgian Railway" Railway Transport Agency Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	2025 Quarter IV	300,000.0 GEL					300,000.0 GEL
2.4.3. Implementation of the best opportunities for the transportation of road freight to the railway identified on the basis of the prepared cost-benefit analysis.	The activity provides for the implementation of the best opportunity identified on the basis of the prepared cost-benefit analysis.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being);	2 cases of transportation of road cargo by railway have been organized and implemented	Rail Transport Agency Report	Railway Transport Agency	JSC "Georgian Railway" Railway Transport Agency Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Ministry of Environment and Agriculture (Department of Environment and Climate Change)	2025 Quarter IV	200,000 GEL			200,000 GEL	JSC Georgian Railways	
2.4.4. Digitization of roads adapted for non-motorized vehicles and public transport, other roads, traffic directions	The activity involves putting Georgian roads, road infrastructure and traffic on the Google	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being);	By 2026, the normative act defines the role of relevant	the relevant normative act.	National Public Registry Agency St. Tbilisi Municipality	Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia, Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia	2025 Quarter IV	Administrative costs					

on them and road infrastructure	map and updating them.	SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	agencies and the deadlines for adding and updating information on Google map.			St. Batumi, st. Kutaisi, St. Rustavi, st. Poti municipalities							
2.4.5. Improving mobility between Tbilisi and surrounding municipalities	The activity envisages the study of the following issues: improving mobility between Tbilisi and surrounding municipalities, assessment of the arrangement of the passenger railway system, Development of multimodal transport hubs near Tbilisi Central Railway Station and Tbilisi Airport. Feasibility of a new railway line between Tbilisi Airport and Rustavi.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	The results of relevant studies have been prepared and published until 2026	Implementation report of the sustainable transport plan of the city of Tbilisi	Tbilisi Municipality City Hall	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia St. Rustavi Municipality City Hall	2023 Quarter IV	300 000 GEL					300 000 GEL
2.4.6. Research on the arrangement of passenger railway system between Tbilisi and surrounding municipalities	The activity envisages the implementation of research on the arrangement of the mobility and passenger railway system between Tbilisi and its neighboring municipalities.	SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	The results of relevant studies have been prepared and published until 2026	Tbilisi City Sustainable Transport Plan Monitoring Report	Tbilisi City Municipality	Transport and Urban Development Agency of Tbilisi Municipality JSC "Georgian Railway"	2025 Quarter IV	100 000 GEL					100 000 GEL
2.4.7. Development of spatial development document of the city of Kutaisi	The activity involves: Development of the spatial development document of the city of Kutaisi, which includes the concept of a 15-minute city	SDG 12 (sustainable consumption and production); SDG 11 (Sustainable development of cities and settlements).	The spatial development document of the city until 2026 has been developed for the city of Kutaisi	Report of the mayor of Kutaisi	Kutaisi City Hall	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	2025 Quarter IV	300 000 GEL					300 000 GEL
2.4.8. Arrangement of infrastructure for electric vehicles in Georgia	The activity involves: Preparation of recommendations on optimal locations and periods of placement of electric vehicle charging points across the country	support for the implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC; SDG 3 (health and well-being).	A study has been prepared until 2026, which includes recommendations on the optimal locations and periods of placement of	Published relevant research	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Municipalities Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure	2025 Quarter IV	100 000 GEL					100 000 GEL

			electric vehicle charging points on Georgian cities and international and domestic highways.											
Goal 3			Support the low carbon development of the building sector through encouraging climate-goals oriented energy-efficient technologies and services											
Links to SDGs			SDGs 7, 9, 11											
Impact indicator 3.1:	Amount of GHG emissions from building sector (ktCO _{2e})		Historical	Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030	2030 National GHG inventory					
		Value	N/A	1,954	3,635	4,277	4,625	Less than 4,625						
Objective 3.1			Develop a system for energy efficiency certification of buildings											
Outcome indicator of the objective 3.1.1:	Percentage of newly constructed buildings subject by law to certification that are certified for energy efficiency		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan					
		Value	0	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%						
Risk	Reschedule enacting the legal act requiring mandatory certification or delay in deadlines set by the act													
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source					
									State		Other		Deficit	
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization		
3.1.1. Developing a program to strengthen the capacity to implement minimum energy characteristics of buildings and certification	Develop a program covering the following issues: Training of officials Strengthening the human and physical/infrastructural capacity of state licensing and supervisory bodies	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 8 (decent work and economic growth);	A program has been developed until 2026, which is agreed with the mayors of the municipalities	Annual Report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development; Developed program report	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	City halls of municipalities	2025 IV quarter.	40,000 GEL						40,000 GEL
3.1.2. Elaborate, approve, and implement secondary legislation on the energy efficiency of buildings.	Creation and approval of relevant sub-legal normative acts agreed with non-governmental organizations, as well as discussed with construction companies, in accordance with the deadlines specified in the Law on Energy Efficiency of Buildings	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; Support for the implementation of Directive 2010/31/EU; SDG 11 (sustainable development of cities and settlements); SDG 12 (Sane consumption and production).	A national plan to increase the number of nearly zero-energy buildings by June 30, 2025 has been approved.	The by-law normative act published on the website of the Legislative Gazette of Georgia	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Town Halls of the respective municipalities	2025 II quarter.	To be confirmed					EU, KfW	

Objective 3.2		Raising consumer awareness about energy efficiency											
Outcome indicator of the objective 3.2.1:	Percentage of the costumers who identify energy efficiency of building and household appliances as an important factor in consumer decision making		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Household expenditure survey of the National Statistics Office				
		Value	N/A	40% of target contingent	55% of target contingent	60% of target contingent	70% of target contingent	80% of target contingent					
Risk	Failure of implementation/delay of information campaigns due to the lack of financial resources and pandemic constraints												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		Other		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
3.2.1. Creation of standards, norms and markings (labeling) of circuits required for devices.	Providing more information to consumers when purchasing household appliances to increase the market share of energy-efficient appliances. The event will be held in stages, and in the first stage, a certain part of energy-consuming products will be subject to labeling. In the next stages, the list of products subject to labeling will increase significantly. For this purpose, the relevant European (CEN) and international standards for energy efficiency testing of selected household appliances should be translated and adopted. The introduction of the package of energy labeling regulations should be accompanied by an information campaign on energy labeling.	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; Support for the implementation of Directive 2010/30/EU; SDG 3 (health and well-being); SDG 7 (affordable and secure energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable development of cities and settlements).	By 2026, 9 schemes for the energy efficiency of household appliances have been created, which take into account the opinions of non-governmental organizations and private companies and are fully compliant with the Euro Directive 2010/30/EU; According to the scheme created for the energy efficiency of household appliances by 2026, the percentage share of labeled products on the market is 100% of all products.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Town Halls of the respective municipalities relevant private sector	2025 IV quarter.	389,798.0796 GEL.	389,798.0796 GEL (donor support)	2401			

3.2.2. Implementation of energy efficiency awareness-raising programmes for the public.	Providing information about financially effective and easily achievable changes in the process of energy use to the population and/or disseminating information about energy-efficient measures so that the consumer can choose energy-efficient household appliances.	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 1 (No poverty); SDG 4 (Quality education); SDG 5 (Gender equality); SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 10 (Reduced inequalities).	An information campaign has been conducted until 2026 After conducting the campaign until 2026, a public opinion survey has been conducted According to the public opinion survey conducted before and after the implementation of the information campaign, the level of awareness of the target audience has improved by at least 50%.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development		2025 IV quarter.	299,376.0 GEL	299,376.0 GEL	2401			
3.2.3. Conducting an information campaign regarding "Varvara" lamps.	Conducting an information campaign regarding "Varvara" lamps, the goal of which will be, after the launch of the event, to purchase new residential and commercial buildings by 2026 Increasing the share of energy-efficient lamps in lamps to 100%.	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 12 (Responsible consumption and production).	An information campaign has been conducted until 2026 After conducting the campaign until 2026, a public opinion survey has been conducted According to the public opinion research conducted before and after the implementation of the information campaign, the target audience's awareness of energy-efficient lamps has increased by at least 30%.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Relevant municipalities Relevant private sector	2025 IV quarter.	Administrative costs					

3.2.4. implementation of information campaigns for solar water heater systems in buildings.	Implementation of information campaigns for solar water heater systems and energy efficiency in buildings will raise users' awareness.	Support implementation of Directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; Directive 2010/30/EU; SDG 3 (Good health and well-being); SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); (Responsible consumption and production).	An information campaign has been conducted until 2026 After conducting the campaign until 2026, a public opinion survey has been conducted According to the public opinion survey conducted before and after the implementation of the information campaign, the target audience's awareness of solar water heating has increased by at least 50%.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture of Georgia	2025 IV quarter.	Administrative costs						
Objective 3.3			Encourage energy-efficient approaches and installation of energy-efficient lighting in residential, commercial, and public buildings.											
Outcome indicator of the objective 3.3.1:	Number of buildings of more than 500 m ² occupied and owned by the central and municipal governments, with 1% of their total area renewed annually in accordance with the energy efficiency standards		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development					
		Value	0	10%	30%	50%	70%	More than 90%						
Outcome indicator of the objective 3.3.2:	Percentage of the public buildings that use energy-efficient light bulbs		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development					
		Value	N/A	20%	30%	40%	60%	More than 70%						
Risk	Failure of implementation of the projects dependant on donor funding													
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source					
									State	Other			Deficit	
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization		

3.3.1. Ownership of a public institution/installation of energy-efficient lighting in existing buildings.	The activity refers to the long-term perspective of 2023, after the launch of the measure, for all new public buildings purchased Increasing the share of energy-efficient lamps in lamps to 100%.	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 3 (health and well-being); SDG 7 (affordable and secure energy); SDG 11 (sustainable development of cities and settlements); SDG 12 (Sane consumption and production).	By 2026, the share of energy-efficient lamps in new light bulbs purchased for all public buildings has increased to 100%.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure Town Halls of the respective municipalities	2025 IV quarter.	621,720.0 GEL	621,720.0 GEL	25 03 06			
3.3.2. Improvement of external boundary construction in school buildings, installation of energy efficient lamps in schools, improvement/replacement of solid fuel heaters.	Improvement of external boundary construction of school buildings, installation of energy efficient lamps, improvement/replacement of solid fuel heaters.	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 3 (health and well-being); SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (sustainable development of cities and settlements); SDG 12 (Sane consumption and production).	Each year, 10% of schools implement at least one of the three energy efficiency initiatives – improving the exterior envelope, installing energy-efficient light bulbs and replacing a solid fuel heater.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	LLP "Municipal Development Fund"	2025 IV quarter.	9,808,920.0 GEL	154,440.0 GEL	25 03 06	9,654,480.0 (grant, loan)	E5P, NEFCO	
3.3.3. Energy-efficient modernization of public sector buildings and preparation of a plan for obtaining an energy performance certificate	Planning to achieve the minimum requirements established by the new legislation and the normal primary energy consumption in public buildings through modernization - improvement of the characteristics of the thermal envelope and building service systems, use of renewable energy sources.	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 3 (health and well-being); SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (sustainable development of cities and settlements); SDG 12 (Sane consumption and production). SDG 5 (Gender Equality);	By 2026, a plan for obtaining an energy performance certificate has been developed, which will cover the area of modernized public buildings (sq.m.), as well as the percentage of modernized buildings in relation to the total area specified in the building register. The target rate of renewal of buildings per year is 3% in relation to the total area indicated in the register.	Register of public buildings Reports of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Operator of public buildings All other Ministries, Prosecutor's Office, Supreme Court, Chamber of Control, Center. Election commission, town halls	2025 IV quarter.	40,000 GEL					40,000 GEL

3.3.4. Development of a co-financed modernization plan for achieving the minimum requirements for the energy characteristics of the buildings of the commercial sector with the most intensive energy consumption and in accordance with the energy certification requirements	Develop a plan for the following purpose: Identifying buildings with the greatest emissions and promoting full or partial modernization, e.g. hotels in mountain resorts and seaside), where the largest amount of energy is required and actually consumed for the operation of the building during seasonal peaks. Survey of building stock and businesses (in terms of energy characteristics) Achieving the minimum requirements established by the new legislation and the proper primary energy consumption in buildings through modernization: improvement of the characteristics of the thermal envelope and building service systems, use of renewable energy sources. (target - at least 1 million square meters)	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 3 (health and well-being); SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (sustainable development of cities and settlements); SDG 12 (Sane consumption and production).	By 2026, a co-financed modernization plan has been developed to achieve the minimum requirements for the energy characteristics of the buildings of the commercial sector with the most intensive energy consumption and in accordance with the energy certification requirements.	Register of minimum requirements of energy characteristics, certificates and register of energy characteristics Economic and Sustainable Development Report	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Banking institutions, business associations, local municipalities "Produce in Georgia" program	2025 IV quarter.	400,000 GEL					400,000 GEL
3.3.5. Study of the housing stock with the highest emissions and building stock of vulnerable groups and develop a modernization program	Develop a program to implement the following activities: Identify and promote modernization of housing associations with the highest emissions and buildings of vulnerable groups Building fund research and preparation of technical documentation, achieving the minimum requirements established by the new legislation and the primary energy consumption in buildings through modernization: improving the characteristics of the thermal envelope and building service systems, using renewable energy sources. Both full and partial modernization is possible, e.g. Cracking the shell or installing updates. Target - coverage of the program: 1 million m2 and more per year,	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 3 (health and well-being); SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (sustainable development of cities and settlements); SDG 12 (Sane consumption and production). SDG 8 (decent work and economic growth); SDG 5 (Gender Equality);	A fund account of the highest emitting housing estates and buildings for vulnerable groups has been created. A modernization program for these buildings has been developed. Area of certified fund, area of modernized fund without certification.	Register of compliance with minimum building requirements and/or register of energy performance certificates Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Reports, Building Fund Research Report	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Cooperatives, local municipalities, Ministry of Health and Social Security	2025 IV quarter.	400,000 GEL					400,000 GEL
Objective 3.4			Support use of solar energy for water heating and use of energy-efficient stoves										

Outcome indicator of the objective 3.4.1:	The percentage of the solar water heating systems in systems purchased by individuals/legal entities for individual residential and commercial buildings after the implementation of incentive measures.			Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification			
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Household survey of the National Statistics Office				
		Value	N/A	10%	20%	30%	50%	60%	National Energy Balance				
Risk	Delay in implementation of incentive measures												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs)	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		Other		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
3.4.1. Development of a financial incentive mechanism for the installation of solar water heating systems in buildings.	Develop financial incentive mechanisms for using solar energy to heat water, which will reduce pressure on forests and provide a more energy-efficient alternative.	Support implementation of the directive 2009/28/EC-EPBD; Directive 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 3 (Health and well-being); SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 12 (Responsible consumption and production).	A financial incentive mechanism is introduced.	Annual report of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Ministry of Finance Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	2025 IV quarter.	178,200.0 GEL					178,200.0 GEL
3.4.2. Encourage using of energy-efficient firewood stoves.	Until 2027 mechanism of financial stimulus/incentives will be elaborated and introduced by the state and financial institutions. Information campaigns will be implemented for the encouragement of using energy-efficient stoves that will reduce pressure on forests and will improve utilization of waste biomass.	Support implementation of directives 2009/28/EC-EPBD and 2012/27/EU EED; SDG 3 (Health and well-being); SDG 7 (Affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 12 (Responsible consumption and production).	By 2026, an information campaign about energy-efficient stoves and auxiliary financial support programs has been conducted.	Report on the implementation of the project "Supporting Forest Sector Reform in Georgia to Reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions Due to Forest Degradation"	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ltd "Environmental Information and Education Center" Ltd "National Forestry Agency" NNLE "Agriculture and Rural Development Agency"	2025 IV quarter.	33,660,000.0 GEL			33,660,000.0 GEL (grant)	GCF, Government of Germany, Government of Sweden	

<p>3.4.3. Develop a program to increase the availability and widespread use of technology across the country</p>	<p>Develop a program to implement the following activities: conducting a technical-economic study of providing technologies for improving the energy characteristics of buildings in Georgia; Increasing the share of local products in the market (identifying critical areas and creating and promoting enterprises) development of production and installation of local products; strengthening the country's engineering capabilities; strengthening enforcement capacity; Market-oriented policies and incentive systems for enterprises, promoting the production of local products; Creation of professional associations and promotion of existing ones. Program coverage - >= USD 50 million investment planning</p>	<p>Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 3 (health and well-being); SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 11 (sustainable development of cities and settlements); SDG 12 (Sane consumption and production). SDG 8 (decent work and economic growth); SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure);</p>	<p>By 2026, a program to increase the ability to provide and widely use technologies across the country has been prepared</p>	<p>Program Report, Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Reports</p>	<p>Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development</p>	<p>Banking institutions, business associations, local municipalities Organizations producing construction products Engineering organizations</p>	<p>2025 IV quarter.</p>	<p>400,000 GEL</p>					<p>400,000 GEL</p>
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3.4.4. Development of a comprehensive feasibility study plan for the building fund	<p>Develop a plan to implement the following activities:</p> <p>Detailed inventory of public facilities and in-depth assessment of technical condition - development of a detailed plan for the modernization of public buildings</p> <p>Stock inventory and quality survey of commercial buildings</p> <p>Housing stock inventory and qualitative research</p> <p>Social and environmental research related to the energy performance of buildings</p> <p>Research-based feasibility studies for projects in the public and commercial sectors, planning, budgeting, long-term strategy and planning for building renovation (as required by the Energy Efficiency and Energy Performance of Buildings Directives)</p> <p>Note: This activity is similar to the Public Building Register, but applies to all other buildings and includes qualitative parameters as well.</p>	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 11 (sustainable development of cities and settlements);	A comprehensive feasibility study plan for the building fund has been developed until 2026.	Plan Report, Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Reports	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	All other ministries, business associations, town halls of municipalities	2025 IV quarter.	130,000 GEL					130,000 GEL
3.4.5. Development of a state subsidy program for energy-efficient building technologies (both for supply and demand side)	<p>Program development in the following areas:</p> <p>(a) Local manufacture, engineering and installation</p> <p>(b) improving existing funding mechanisms, funding programs or obtaining co-participation</p> <p>(c) establishment of financing programs, joint financing by donors and the state, financing of interest on credits</p>	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 12 (Sane consumption and production). SDG 8 (decent work and economic growth); SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure);	By 2026, a state subsidy program for energy-efficient building technologies has been developed	Program Report, Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development Reports	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	Banking institutions, business associations, local municipalities	2025 IV quarter.	400,000 GEL					400,000 GEL
Objective 3.5.			Train highly professional personnel in energy efficiency										

Outcome indicator of the objective 3.5.1:	Total percentage of the certified and diplomaed specialists in heating, cooling, ventilation systems, and energy efficiency issues of the buildings.			Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification Database of independent experts published on the website of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development			
			Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030				
			Value	0% of target contingent	0% of target contingent	30% of target contingent	60% of target contingent	80% of target contingent	100% of target contingent				
Risk	Postponing the enactment of the mentioned secondary legal acts												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		Other		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
3.5.1. Development of educational programs and trainings for energy consultants.	Development of programs to improve the skills and competence of engineers in the field of energy, energy audit, on the basis of which relevant experts will be trained. On the basis of the mentioned programs, the above-mentioned experts will be certified.	Support for the implementation of the 2009/28/EC-EPBD Directive; Support for the implementation of the 2012/27/EU EED Directive; SDG 1 (no poverty); SDG 4 (quality education); SDG 5 (Gender Equality); SDG 7 (affordable and clean energy); SDG 8 (decent work and economic growth); SDG 10 (reduced inequality).	100% of experts entering the market until 2026 are certified and have undergone training programs.	Published expert list	Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development	National Center for Education Quality	2026.	Administrative costs					
Goal 4			Support the low carbon development of the industry sector by encouraging climate-friendly innovative technologies and services to achieve a 5% emissions reduction compared to emissions projected under a reference scenario by 2030										
Links to SDGs			SDGs 8, 9, 11, 12										
Impact indicator 4.1:	GHG emissions of the industry sector (ktCO _{2e} .)			Historical	Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of verification 2030 National GHG Inventory			
			Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030				
			Value	11,445	3,123	4,474	5,289	5,986	< 5,690 (-5%)				
Objective 4.1			Reduce the level of greenhouse gas emissions from industrial processes and energy consumption of industrial facilities by introducing modern technologies										
Outcome indicator of the objective 4.1.1:	GHG emissions of cement production (ktCO _{2e} .)			Baseline	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan						
			Year	2020	2022	2023							
			Value	968	1083	1139							
Outcome indicator of the objective 4.1.2:	GHG emissions of chemical production (ktCO _{2e} .)			Baseline	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan						
			Year	2020	2022	2023							
			Value	2547	2919	3105							
Risk	Low interest of the private sector; Due to the Coronavirus pandemic, delay in conducting necessary research within the project (including mobilization of a group of foreign experts), and introduction of technologies.												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		Other		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	

4.1.1. Supporting the low-emission production of Nitric Acid with	From 2020 through cooperation with the German Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, and Nuclear Safety (BMU), joined the initiative aimed at equipping the Nitric Acid producer companies in the member countries with nitrous oxide absorbing technologies that cause climate change. Ltd "Rustavi Azoti" is a Nitric Acid producer factory that will be equipped with modern technology for reducing N ₂ O from its production cycle.	Support implementation of directives 2008/50/EC and 2010/75/EU; SDG 3 (Health and well-being); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	100% of Nitric Acid is produced with the new equipment.	Implementation report of the project "Support of Nitric Acid Climate Action Group (NACAG)."	Ltd "Rustavi Azoti"	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	2025 Quarter IV	17,820,000.0 GEL			8,910,000.0 GEL (Ltd "Rustavi Azoti", private) 8,910,000.0 GEL (grant)	Ltd "Rustavi Azoti" Government of the Federal Republic of Germany	
4.1.2 Improved estimation of SF6 from Electricity transmission and distribution sector	Since 2023 the emission of SF6 estimation from the consumption of electric isolator gases are estimated with improved methodologies.	SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure);	The report of the year of 2025 includes information of the 2 el. system operators on consumption of SF6 for 2021 and 2022.	Georgia's national GHG inventory report (data gathering part)	LLEP Environmental Information and Education Center	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	2025 I quarter	5480 Gel			5480 Gel	GEF/UNEP	
Objective 4.2			Develop a system of studying the emissions factors and data management in the industry sector										
Outcome indicator of the objective 4.2.1:	Number of the industries where specific emissions factors were studied		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan				
		Value	0	1	2	3	4	5					
Risk	Lack of field expertise; Low interest of the private sector; Provision of confidential information for the development of data management system and identification of individual emission factor.												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State	Other			Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
4.2.1. Develop individual emission factors per production.	Introduction of a data management system that includes Medical and Food industry specific emission factors to better estimate sector's emissions and mitigation potentials.	Support implementation of directive 2010/75/EU and article 314 of Association Agreement; SDG 9 (Industry, innovation, and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	The new methodology for GHG emissions estimation is described for the 2 source categories (Medical and Food industry) Georgia's national GHG inventory report, Industry Chapter	Georgia's national GHG inventory report 1990-2022.	LLEP Environmental Information and Education Center	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Climate Change Division)	2025 Q1	9,700.0 GEL			9,700.0 GEL (grant)	GEF/UNEP	
Goal 5			Support the low carbon development of the agriculture sector through encouraging climate-smart agriculture technologies and services.										
Links to SDGs			SDGs 2, 6, 12, 15										

Impact indicator 5.1:	GHG emissions of the agriculture sector (GgCO ₂ e.)		Historical	Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030	GHG National Inventory				
		Value	4,102	3,326	3,635	4,203	4,624	Less than 4,533					
Objective 5.1		Implement sustainable management of soil and pastures and support the introduction of sustainable domestic animal feeding practices											
სმოცანის შედეგის Value 5.1.1:	Percentage of farmers who have improved information on sustainable domestic animal feeding practices and sustainable soil management out of the farmers informed by the extension centres and the National Food Agency		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan				
		Value	0%	50% of the farmers of target contingent	50% of the farmers of target contingent	50% of the farmers of target contingent	50% of the farmers of target contingent	50% of the farmers of target contingent					
Risk	Low interest of the farmers												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State	Other	Deficit		
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
5.1.1. In order to reduce the emissions generated from enteric fermentation of the cattle, development of a methodology for feed diet selection and running a recommendation campaign among farmers	Objective of the intervention is to investigate impact of different animal diets and supplements on enteric fermentation and to elaborate methodology for optimal feed diet, resulting in reduction of emissions from enteric fermentation. Selected diet and supplements must be available on local market and be cost-effective for Georgian animal husbandry business models.	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation); SDG 15 (Life on land).	By 2026 Elaboration of a document for feeds selection describing at least 5 alternative feed supplements that reduce enteric fermentation, at the same time, these supplements must be available on the local market and be cost-effective for use in Georgia.	Document of methodology for cattle diet optimization	JSC "Scientific Research Center"	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department)	2025 Year IV Quarter	10.000 GEL	10.000 GEL	31 04			

5.1.2. Developing legislation with the aim of increasing the productivity of pasturelands and conservation of biodiversity.	Objective of the intervention is conservation of biodiversity and increasing pasture productivity by developing legislative framework and ensuring its enforcement.	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation); SDG 15 (Life on land).	A draft of a new legislative act has been developed for 2025	1. Draft law document; 2. Adapted law and relevant normative acts.	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture, Hydro-melioration and Land Management Department	LSI National Agency for Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring	2024 Year IV Quarter	472,794 GEL (\$175,434)			472,794 GEL (\$175,434)	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), Regional Environmental Center of the Caucasus (RECC) and CENN, initiated by the Ministry of Environment and Agriculture of Georgia (achieving national goals of Land Degradation Neutral Balance (LDN) through restoration and sustainable management of degraded pastures)	
5.1.3. Inventory and sustainable management of windbreaks that are under state property aiming minimalization of land degradation caused by climate change	The overarching aim of the initiative is to establish a climate-resilient and multi-functional Windbreak & Agroforestry Ecosystem (mWAE), reducing land degradation, increasing soil and agricultural productivity, and diversification.	SDG 15 (Life on land)	By 2026, approximately 5,000 ha of state-owned windbreak (field protection) strips have been inventoried	Inventory document of windbreaks in state ownership. Document must be accompanied with relevant GIS maps.	LEPL National Agency for Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	2025 Year IV Quarter	1,500,000 GEL	1,500,000 GEL	31.15.2025			

5.1.4 Creation of incentives for private land owners to plant and maintain windbreaks within "Plant the Future" state program	Objective of the activity is to support farmers in planting windbreaks for protection of agricultural fields from wind, as well as, supporting pollinator insects by incorporating honey trees into windbreaks	SDG 15 (Life on land)	By 2026 Windbreak component has been added to the "Plant the Future" program	Ordinance of Georgian Government about amending "Plant the future" program by adding windbreak component	Rural Development Agency	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	2025 Year IV Quarter	500,000 GEL	500,000 GEL	31 05 04			
Objective 5.2			Build capacities of generating scientific evidence for the development of climate-smart approaches in the agriculture sector										
Outcome indicator of the objective 5.2.1:	Share of smart climate technologies and/or initiatives based on cost-benefit analysis and other evidence in agricultural, state, and donor programs.		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2023	Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan				
		Value	N/A	10%	30%	40%	50%	60%					
Risk	Delays in finding the funding and resources; Quality of the document developed by implementer and donor.												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		Other		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
5.2.1. Developing a plan for Georgia's agriculture sector to meet the updated Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC)	The purpose of the activity is to evaluate agriculture and its sub-sectors in Georgia for the development of a comprehensive action plan. This plan includes policy recommendations and climate finance strategies that will align with the Nationally Determined Contributions and Climate Change 2030 Strategy. The plan covers development and investment needs of 4 sub-sectors of agriculture. The process also includes capacity building of stakeholders.	SDG 2 (zero hunger) SDG13 (Climate Action) SDG 14 (Life under water) SDG 15 (Life on Earth)	A plan for at least 4 subsectors of agriculture has been approved until 2026	Project report and final document	FAO and Ministry of Environment and Agriculture (Department of Environment and Climate Change)	Environmental Information and Education Center	2025 IV quarter	447,456 USD			447,456 USD	FAO-GCF Readiness and Preparatory Support under the project: "Strategic Readiness to support the Updated NDC and its Climate Action for Georgia: Transforming Agriculture Sector through Low-Emissions and Climate-Resilient Pathways "	

5.2.2. Develop cost-benefit analysis and feasibility study to identify the best practices of manure separation, transportation and storage in cattle barns	Objective of the activity is to consider existing research documents (that were prepared in 2021-2023) and gained experience about manure management for demonstration plots, that would allow to test these practices and use learning and replication.	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation); SDG 12 (Sustainable consumption and production); SDG 15 (Life on land).	By 2026, at least 20 farms across Georgia (including farms owned by women) will have manure storage and sustainable management demonstration facilities	Report on establishment of demonstration plot, training documents and publication materials (e.g. pictures/videos)	LEPL Scientific-Research Center of Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	2025 IV quarter			31 05 15 01	160,000 EUR	IFAD (Dairy Modernization and Market Access Program (DiMMA)) IFAD (Dairy Modernization and Market Access Project (DiMMA))	
5.2.3 Facilitation of leasing and monitoring of leased pasture lands that are under ownership of the Georgian government for introduction of sustainable management practices for pastures, reduction of overgrazing intensity and land degradation.	Objective of this activity is to identify such land plots that are registered and have potential to be leased with certain management conditions. As for today because of transitional legislation and before full enforcement of certain laws, leasing period is only 3 years but according to international practice, it is recommended to be increased and allow farmers to introduce rotational grazing and good management practices for cattle stalls.	SDG 2 (Zero hunger)	During 2024-2025 years total area of leased and sustainably managed pastures exceeds 10,000 hectares (part of the contracts is signed with women as well)	Documented leased land area and/or report by the land agency	LEPL National Agency for Sustainable Land Management and Land Use Monitoring	Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture Ministry of Protection and Agriculture - Department of Hydromelioration and Land Management	2025 IV quarter	50,000 GEL	50,000 GEL	31 15			

5.2.4 Establishment of demonstration plots in Samtskhe-Javakheti region about optimal use of manure for reduction of N2O emissions; Introduction of cover crops / green manure in crop rotation schemes.	Objective of the activity is to introduce crop rotation practices for potato and maize crops. During winter period, when crops are being harvested, cover crops and green manures will be sown in the fields. Also at least 2 workshops will be held about introduction of mineral fertilizers and manure into soil, including tillage and cultivation practices.	SDG 12 (Sustainable consumption and production);	By the end of 2024 there are at least 2 demonstration plots established in Samtskhe-Javakheti region for cover crops and green manure testing.	Report on establishment of demonstration plots, materials for theoretical/practical trainings, publication materials such as pictures/videos .	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (Environment and Climate Change Department)	JSC "Rural Development Agency"	2024 Year IV Quarter	20,000 EUR			20,000 EUR	NIRAS IC Sp. z o.o. (Support to Environmental protection and fight against Climate change in Georgia)	
5.2.5. Facilitating the introduction of climate-friendly agricultural practices through offering climate services, extension and awareness raising	The activity will facilitate enlargement of network of agrometeorological stations in Kakheti and Shida Kartli regions that will be accompanied by spreading information in targeted manner and using different channels (SMS, email, app notifications). This will be climate-based service provisioning system that will be accessible for farmers via mobile app by Rural Development Agency. Information will be available about natural hazards, pest and diseases, irrigation management and additionally, weekly, monthly and quarterly bulletins about climate. Finally, the app will be a source for short and long term (seasonal) weather forecasts.	SDG 2 (Zero hunger); SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation); SDG 15 (Life on land).	By 2026 At least 15 agrometeorological stations in Kakheti and Shida Kartli regions are being installed and mobile app is being developed.	Reports by Rural Development Agency, reference bulletins and mobile app.	Rural Development Agency	LEPL Scientific-Research Center of Agriculture National Environment Agency National Food Agency	2024 Year IV Quarter	375,000 EUR			375,000 EUR	UNDP, in cooperation with the Government of Georgia, with funds from Green Climate Fund (GCF) (Scaling-up Multi-Hazard Early Warning System and the Use of Climate Information in Georgia)	

5.2.6 Promotion of climate-smart agriculture policy dialogue	The purpose of the activity is to develop the direction of climate-smart agriculture in Georgia through the activities of the climate-smart agriculture working group within the project.	SDG 2 (zero hunger) SDG13 (Climate Action) SDG 15 (Life on Earth) Articles 307 and 308 of the fourth chapter of the Association Agreement	3 training modules for farmers on climate-smart agriculture developed until 2026 By 2026, 2,000 hectares have been cultivated using conservation agriculture approaches. By 2026, 2,000 farmers have been trained on good water use practices	Project report and final document	FAO and Ministry of Environment and Agriculture (Department of Environment and Climate Change)	Environmental Information and Education Center	2025 IV quarter	560,000 USD			560,000 USD	FAO, under the project: "Support to the Food Safety and Sanitary and Phytosanitary Sector in Georgia under ENPARD IV" Building on the previous experience of operationalizing the CSA Working Group under the FAO's ENPARD III	
Goal 6			Support the low carbon development of the waste sector through encouraging climate-smart agriculture technologies and services.										
Links to SDGs			SDGs 8, 11, 12										
Impact indicator 6.1:	GHG emissions of the Waste sector (GgCO ₂ e.)		Historical	Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030	2030 National GHG Inventory				
		Value	1,105	1,389	-	1,339	1,850	Less than 1,850					
Objective 6.1			Reduce GHG emissions from existing unauthorized dumpsites and non-hazardous landfills										
Outcome indicator of the objective 6.1.1:	GHG emissions from landfills (GgCO ₂ e.)		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan				
		Value	1,091	1,063	1,056	908	822	840					
Risk	Delay in constructing new landfills due to the selection of the area												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		State		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	

6.1.1. Closing official (unauthorized) non-hazardous landfills.	Closure of existing official (unauthorized) municipal landfills. The activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	Support for the implementation of Directive 2008/98/EC; Support for the implementation of Directive 1999/31/EC; SDG 3 (health and well-being); with SDG 6 (clean water and sanitation); with SDG 11 (sustainable cities and settlements).	Until 2026, 4 unauthorized landfills (are closed).	Annual report of the Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia LLC	Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia LLC	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Relevant municipalities Adjara Waste Management Company LTD Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia	2025 Quarter IV	6,520,000.0 GEL	2,520,000.0 GEL	25 05 01	4,000,000.0 GEL (Loan)	EBRD	
6.1.2. Inventory and closure of illegal landfills.	Inventory/closure/remediation of up to 400 existing illegal landfills in the regions. Activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; Directive 1999/31/EC; In accordance with the changes resulted by regulations (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and Well-being); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By 2026, an inventory of existing illegal landfills has been carried out in all 63 municipalities and relevant inventory reports has been developed. 100% of illegal landfills identified within inventory are cleaned/closed.	Reports of the municipalities Municipal waste management plans	Municipality City Halls	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia LLC Government of Autonomous Republic of Adjara	2025 Quarter IV	Administrative costs					
6.1.3. Construction of regional non-hazardous landfills.	By the end of 2030, 7 regional non-hazardous landfills corresponding to the standards will be organized (Adjara, Kvemo Kartli, Samegrelo, Imereti, Kakheti, Central, Georgia - 2). The activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; Directive 1999/31/EC; In accordance with the changes resulted by regulations (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and well-being); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By 2026, the construction of a non-hazardous waste disposal facility in the Samegrelo-Zemo Svaneti region has been finalized. three waste transfer stations have been arranged in Samegrelo- zemo-Svaneti.. By 2026, is finalized the construction of the non-hazardous waste disposal facility. the preparation of the permit documents for the Kvemo Kartli	Report of the Company		Government of Autonomous Republic of Adjara Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure						EBRD KfW	

			project has been finished.										
6.1.4. Upgrade and improvement of Tbilisi's landfill.	Extension of Tbilisi household waste landfill, improvement of landfill leachate treatment system and setting up of materials recovery facility (MRF). Activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	Support implementation of directive 1999/31/EC; In accordance with the changes resulted by regulations (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and Well-being); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	Until 2026, Tbilisi landfill is extended at the expense of the 3rd cell. A new 4th cell is set up. Gas collection system is set up at the landfill. Landfill leachate management system is operational at the landfill. Materials recovery facility (MRF) is set up.	Tbilisi City Hall Report Tbilisi municipal waste management plan	TbilserviceGroup LLC	Tbilisi City Hall Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture of Georgia	2025 Quarter IV	18,105,6045 GEL				105,982 800 GEL (Loan)	EBRD
6.1.5. Setting up a gas management system at Poti's non-hazardous waste dump.	Arrangement of gas collection and processing system at Poti landfill.	Support for the implementation of Directive 1999/31/EC; As amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3 (health and well-being); SDG 6 (clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and settlements).	By 2026, a gas processing system will be installed at Poti landfill	Report of "Georgian Solid Waste Management Company" LLC Poti municipal waste management plan	"Georgian Solid Waste Management Company" LLC	Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture of Georgia City Hall of Poti Municipality	2025 Quarter IV	To be confirmed					
6.1.6. Establishing gas management system in Batumi's non-hazardous waste landfill.	Installing a gas collection and recovery system in Batumi's landfill.	Support implementation of directive 1999/31/EC; In accordance with the changes resulted by regulations (EC) No 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and Well-being); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By 2026, at the new Batumi landfill is operational .a gas collection and recovery system - a 1 MW capacity gas extraction system.	Batumi municipal waste management plan	Adjara Waste Management Company LTD	Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture of Georgia "Georgian Solid Waste Management Company" LLC Ministry of Finance and Economy of the Autonomous Republic of Adjara St. Batumi Municipality City Hall City Hall of Kobuleti Municipality	2025 Quarter IV	5,012,700 GEL 1,750,000.0 euro				5,012,700 GEL (Loan)	EBRD
Objective 6.2			Support waste recycling										
Outcome indicator of the objective 6.2.1:	Amount of reduced emission from waste recycling (GgCO _{2e} .)		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030					

		Value	0	10	40	100	130	More than 150	Annual progress reports and evaluation report for the Climate Action Plan				
Risk	Low interest of waste recycling companies												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		Other		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
6.2.1. Introducing the practice of separating paper waste from the source by the municipalities and encourage paper recycling.	Piloting the separation of paper waste from municipal waste source by municipalities and taking awareness-raising measures to achieve the paper recycling rate. Activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation and infrastructure).	Paper separation practice from the source is introduced at least in 5 new municipalities; Informational brochure and video is produced.	Municipality Reports Municipal waste management plans	Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture of Georgia	Municipalities Paper waste collection and processing companies LLC "Adjara Waste Management Company" "Georgian Solid Waste Management Company" LLC	2025 Quarter IV	Administrative costs					
6.2.2. Biodegradable (organic and garden waste) recycling by the municipalities.	Composting of green waste in Kutaisi and Marneuli municipalities by municipal composting facilities. Activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation and infrastructure). SDG 11 (Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable)	The total amount of compost produced annually in the municipal composting facility of Kutaisi equals to 15 tons. The total amount of compost produced annually in the municipal composting facility of Marneuli equals to 50 tons.	Marneuli municipal waste management plan. Kutaisi municipal waste management plan.	Kutaisi City Hall Marneuli City Hall	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	2025 Quarter IV	Administrative costs					
6.2.3 Needs assessment for converting biodegradable waste into energy	Needs assessment for converting biodegradable waste into energy. Activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation and infrastructure).	Needs assessment document for converting biodegradable waste into energy has been developed.	Report of the Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture of Georgia	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Relevant municipalities Private sector	2025 Quarter IV	565,208.78 Gel 200 000 euro					565,208.78 Gel

6.2.4. Assessment of plastic waste streams	Assessment of plastic waste streams drawing up appropriate recommendations. Activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	Support implementation of directive 2008/98/EC; SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation and infrastructure). SDG 11 (Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable).	Relevant assessment report has been developed.	Report of the Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture of Georgia	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Relevant municipalities	2025 Quarter IV	423,906.58 GEL 150 000 euro					423,906.58 GEL
6.2.5. Education and awareness-raising on waste management.	Capacity building of population and other state agencies engaged in waste management process and conducting of awareness raising campaigns/meetings for stakeholders (kindergartens, schools and universities). Activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	SDG 4 (Quality Education); SDG 9 (Industry, innovation and infrastructure); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 12- (Responsible consumption and production).	At least 50 employees of state agencies involved in waste management process are trained. At least 15 awareness raising meetings/campaigns are conducted.	"Environmental Information and Education Center" report	LEPL Environmental Information and Education Centre	Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture of Georgia Municipalities Private and public schools Educational universities Kindergartens public agencies	2025 Quarter IV	Administrative costs					
Objective 6.3.			Reduce GHG emissions from wastewater										
Outcome indicator of the objective 6.3.1:	Amount of reduced emissions from wastewater (GgCO ₂ e.)		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Report of the United Water Supply Company of Georgia				
		Value	0	More than 150	More than 200	More than 300	More than 400	More than 500					
Risk	Failure in finding financial resources necessary for the implementation of the activity												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		State		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
6.3.1. Construction of municipal wastewater treatment plants.	The activity envisages the completion of the construction of urban waste water treatment facilities.	Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes resulted by directive 98/15/EC and Regulation N 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and Well-being); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By 2026, 8 urban wastewater treatment plants have been built; By 2026, the project procurement for the construction of 4 stations has been announced	Report of the United Water Supply Company of Georgia LLC	United Water Supply Company of Georgia LLC	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure	2025 Quarter IV	183,120,618.0 GEL	34,214,344.0 GEL	250401	148,906,274.0 GEL (Loan)	ADB	

6.3.2. Collection and recovery of GHGs in Tbilisi's wastewater treatment plants.	Installing a gas collection and recovery system in Tbilisi's wastewater treatment plants.	Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes resulted by directive 98/15/EC and Regulation N 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and Well-being), SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation), SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth), and SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities)	By 2026, the Tbilisi urban wastewater treatment plant will have gas collection and processing systems fully compliant with the European Council Directive 91/271/EEC.	Report of the Georgian Water and Power (GWP) LLC	Georgian Water and Power (GWP) LLC Gardabani Sewage Treatment Plant LLC	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Tbilisi City Hall	2025 Quarter IV	21,000.0 GEL			21,000.0 GEL	Georgian Water and Power (GWP) LLC	
6.3.3. Collection and recovery of GHGs in Batumi's wastewater treatment plant.	Installing a gas collection and recovery system in Batumi's wastewater treatment plant.	Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes resulted by directive 98/15/EC and regulation N 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and Well-being); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By 2026, a gas collection and processing system will be installed at the urban sewage water treatment plant in Batumi	Report of the Batumi Water LLC	Batumi Water LLC	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Batumi City Hall Ministry of Finance and Economy of Adjara	2025 Quarter IV	4,253, 851.88 Lari 1500 000 Euro			4,253, 851.88 Lari	KFW	
6.3.4. Collection and recovery of GHGs in Kobuleti's wastewater treatment plant.	Installing a gas collection and recovery system in Kobuleti's wastewater treatment plant.	Support implementation of directive 91/271/EEC; In accordance with the changes resulted by directive 98/15/EC and regulation N 1882/2003. SDG 3 (Health and Well-being); SDG 6 (Clean water and sanitation); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities).	By 2026 Kobuleti wastewater treatment plant is equipped with gas collection and treatment systems that fully comply with the Council Directive 91/271/EEC.	Report of the Kobuleti Water LLC	Kobuleti Water LLC	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture Kobuleti Municipality	2025 Quarter IV	1,985,130.88 GEL 700 000 euro			1,985,130.88 GEL		
Objective 6.4.			Develop the data-based system of waste management										
Outcome indicator of the objective 6.4.1:	Percentage share of the data-based reports on waste management			Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification Reports of the National Statistics Office of Georgia			
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030					
		Value	0%	50%	70%	80%	90%	100%					
Risk	Waste Management System Malfunction												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		State		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	

6.4.1. Establish a consolidated process for collecting and updating data for waste sector.	Creating an integrated electronic database for waste management and developing a reporting guideline. Activity is in full compliance with the goals and objectives defined by the National Waste Management Strategy and the National Waste Management Action Plan.	SDG 4 (Quality Education); SDG 8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities); SDG 16 (Peace, justice and strong institutions).	By 2026 Integrated electronic database of waste management has been designed. Methodological guideline has been developed for waste data collection and reporting.	Report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Municipalities National Statistics Office of Georgia (GEOSTAT) Private sector	2025 Quarter IV	To be confirmed					EU	
Goal 7		Increase carbon capture capacity of forests by 10% by 2030 compared to 2015												
Links to SDGs		SDGs 6, 11, 15												
Impact Value 7.1:	Carbon capture potential of forests (GgCO ₂ e)		Historical	Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Reference scenario projection	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	1990	2015	2024	2028	2030	2030	2030 National GHG Inventory					
		Value	-6,353	- 5,621	- 5950	6000	-5,931	More than -6,183 (+10%)						
Objective 7.1		Restoration of degraded forest												
Outcome indicator of the objective 7.1.1:	Forest area in ha, where restoration works were carried out		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
		Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture					
		Value	190 ha	890 ha	2090 ha	2690 ha	3290 ha	More than 4000 ha						
Risk	Reduction of the state budget and/or other incomes; Delays in approval of secondary legal act of Forest Code on "Forest Maintenance and Restoration rule."													
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source					
									State		Other		Deficit	
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization		
7.1.1. Reforestation measures in the degraded forest area.	On the basis of the forest management plans and/or on the basis of special studies, the entities responsible for forest management will annually identify the areas subject to reforestation and prepare relevant reforestation projects (priority is given to river valleys and territories degraded by natural and anthropogenic causes). The reforestation measures determined in the reforestation projects will be carried out in 2024-2025: by the National Forestry Agency on an area of 3,300 ha; by the Adjara Forestry Agency on an area of 200 ha.	Association Agreement: Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty); SDG8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 15 (Life on Land).	By 2026 reforestation measures have been carried out on an area of 3,500 ha.	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	LEPL National Forestry Agency LEPL Forestry Agency of Adjara	2025 Quarter IV	2,550,000.0 GEL	2,550,000.0 GEL	31 09 02				
Objective 7.2		Support Sustainable Forest Management												

Outcome indicator of the objective 7.2.1:	Forest area in ha managed with sustainable management principles		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification					
			Year	2019	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture				
			Value	0	150, 807 ha	300, 000 ha	350, 000 ha	402, 000 ha	450, 000 ha					
Risk	Reduction of the state budget and/or other incomes; No allocation of funds for newly established protected areas; Delays in starting date of the GCF project “Enabling Implementation of Forest Sector Reform in Georgia to Reduce GHG Emissions from Forest Degradation”; Delays in approval procedures of forest code normative act.													
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source					
									State		Other		Deficit	
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization		
7.2.1 Forest inventory and development of forest management plans	In 2024-2025, works for registration of forest will be accomplished on an area of 262,575 ha (138 299 ha funded by GCF, 124 276 ha within the budget funding), based on which forest management plans will be elaborated for the following 10-year period for Tianeti (40,924 ha), Kvareli (54,496 ha), Telavi (57,124 ha), Oni (73,437 ha), and Tsageri (50,839 ha) forest districts.	Association Agreement: Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty); SDG8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 15 (Life on Land).	Forest management plan has been developed and endorsed for 5 municipalities.	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	LEPL National Forestry Agency	2025 Quarter IV	2,923,800.00 GEL	1,762,300.00 GEL	31 09 03 31 09 04	1,161,500.00 GEL (grant)	GCF, Government of Germany		
7.2.2. Sophistication of the forest information and monitoring system.	The key modules for the forest monitoring and information system will be designed and integrated into the system in order to monitor the forestry measures (forest use, forest tending-reforestation, etc.) determined by the forest management plans and to improve the forest management planning.	Association Agreement: Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty); SDG8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 15 (Life on Land).	Three modules of the forest monitoring and information system have been elaborated.	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture		2025 Quarter I	336,000.00 GEL	70,000.00 GEL		266,000.00 GEL (grant)	GCF, Government of Germany		
7.2.3. Introduction of forest pathological monitoring system	With the purpose to manage forest pests and diseases, detect them at an early stage and prevent/mitigate forest degradation, permanent demonstration areas (at least 100 demonstration areas) will be taken and a database will be created.	SDG 15 (Life on Land)	By 2026, permanent demonstration areas are taken from the territory of 42 forest districts.	Annual report of the LEPL National Forestry Agency	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	LEPL National Forestry Agency	2025 Quarter IV	1,050,000.00 GEL	1,050,000.00 GEL	31 09 02				
7.2.4. Forest fire prevention and management improvement.	With the intention of improving the planning of fire prevention measures, the risk assessment of forest fires will be carried out and forest fire management plans will be prepared at the forest district level.	SDG 15 (Life on Land)	Forest fire management plan has been developed for 42 forest districts.	Annual report of the LEPL National Forestry Agency	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	LEPL National Forestry Agency	2025 Quarter I	100,000.00 GEL	100,000.00 GEL	31 09 02				
7.2.5. Promotion of multi-purpose use of forest through elaborating of ecotourism development plans.	For effective use of forest ecosystem services, elaborating of ecotourism development plans will be implemented for the area of 87,686 ha (Mtskheta, Lanchkhuti and Tianeti municipalities).	Association Agreement: Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty); SDG8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 15 (Life on Land).	Ecotourism development plan has been elaborated and published for three municipalities.	Annual report of the LEPL National Forestry Agency	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	LEPL National Forestry Agency	2025 Quarter I	132,400.00 GEL	132,400.00 GEL	31 09 01				

7.2.6. Develop emerald network management plans for the territory of the forest of Georgia within the approved emerald network sites.	In 2024-2025, emerald network management plans will be developed for 248,186 ha of Georgian forest area for 25 emerald network sites.	Association Agreement: Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty); SDG8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 15 (Life on Land).	By 2026, emerald network management plans have been developed for at least 248,186 ha of emerald network sites.	Annual reports of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	LEPL National Forestry Agency LEPL Agency of Protected Areas	2025 Quarter IV	480,000.00 GEL			480,000.00 GEL	SIDA Swedish government	
7.2.7. Extension of protected areas network.	In 2024-2025, the network of protected areas will be extended with an area of 135,286 ha, Guria National Park (20,286 ha) and Samegrelo National Park (52,000 ha) and Zemo Svaneti National Park (63,000 ha).	Association Agreement: Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty); SDG8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 15 (Life on Land).	The Parliament of Georgia has adopted three laws on the arrangement and management of Guria National Park, Samegrelo National Park and Zemo Svaneti National Park.	Annual Report of the Agency of Protected Areas Law on arrangement and management of Guria National Park, Samegrelo National Park and Zemo Svaneti National Park.	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	LEPL Agency of Protected Areas	2025 Quarter IV	10,500.00			10,500.00 GEL	CNF/USF	
Objective 7.3		Develop forest management system adequate to climate change challenges											
Outcome indicator of the objective 7.3.1:	Number of the forest-related projects that are intersectoral and created through interagency coordination		Baseline	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Medium-term target	Final target	Sources of verification				
		Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture; Plenary report of the National Forest Program				
Outcome indicator of the objective 7.3.2:	Percentage share of the protected areas management plans, where climate change mitigation measures are integrated	Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Management plans of the protected areas				
		Value	0	More than 65%	More than 80%	More than 85%	More than 90%	100%					
Outcome indicator of the objective 7.3.3:	Number of the gender-sensitive sustainable forest management plans	Year	2020	2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	Implementation report of the project "Enabling Implementation of Forest Sector Reform in Georgia to Reduce GHG Emissions from Forest Degradation"				
		Value	0	15%	30%	40%	50%	More than 50%					
Risk	Reduction of the state budget and/or other incomes.												
Activity	Short description	Links to EU-Georgia Association Agreement and SDGs	Output indicator of the activity	Sources of verification	Responsible institution	Partner institution	Period of implementation	Budget	Financing source				
									State		Other		Deficit
									Amount	Code	Amount	Organization	
7.3.1 Institutionalization of national forestry program.	The national forestry program will be fine-tuned as a mechanism for inter-agency coordination and community participation in forest-related decision-making process.	SDG 15 (Life on Land)	Until the end of 2025, at least 4 meetings dedicated to the national forestry program have been conducted.	Annual report of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture		2025 Quarter IV	Administrative costs					

7.3.2 Integration of gender issues into forest management plans.	To refine the forest management plans, the existing plans (Lanchkhuti, Chokhatauri, Ozurgeti, Akhmeta, Dedoplistskaro-Sighnaghi forest districts) will be evaluated with regard of gender sensitivity in accordance with the pre-developed methodology and criteria, gender issues will be taken into consideration when preparing forest management plans of Tianeti, Kvareli, Telavi forest districts.	Association Agreement: Article 302; SDG1 (No poverty); SDG8 (Decent work and economic growth); SDG 15 (Life on Land).	Methodological guidelines have been designed and endorsed with the aim of evaluating forest management plans and integrating gender issues into them. Until the end of the 2025, 8 forest management plans are gender sensitive.	Forest management plans for Lanchkhuti, Chokhatauri, Ozurgeti, Akhmeta, Tianeti, Kvareli, Telavi, and Dedoplistskaro-Sighnaghi forest districts. Annual report of the LEPL National Forestry Agency	Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture	LEPL National Forestry Agency	2025 Quarter IV	17,000 GEL			17,000 GEL	GCF, German government	
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